CHECK YOUR ENGLISH VOCABULARY FOR

# AND INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

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## Introduction

#### Who is the book for?

This book has been written for people whose first language is not English, and who use or are going to use computers and other information technology in an English-speaking environment. It covers the language needed to use information technology equipment, work with computer programs, discuss problems and plan projects. It does not cover advanced technical vocabulary for computer programmers or electronic engineers. All the language in the book is intended to be accessible to intermediate level students and above.

#### How can the book be used?

The vocabulary is arranged by topic. Choose the topics that interest you. The pages do not have to be completed in any particular order, and there is no need to complete all the pages if some are on topics which are not useful to you. It is better to complete one or two pages in a day, and remember the vocabulary, rather than completing as many pages as possible. The answers to the exercises can be found at the back of the book. There is also an index to help you find the pages which are most useful to you.

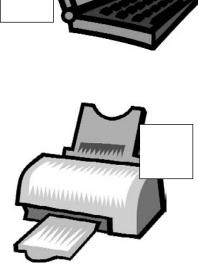
Write new words and phrases you learn in a notebook or file. Review this language regularly so that it becomes part of your active vocabulary.

A good general dictionary will be very helpful, providing pronunciation guides and more contexts. For vocabulary relating specifically to computers, *Dictionary of Computing* (A&C Black, ISBN 978 07475 6622 9) will be a useful reference source.

Section I: Hardware

## Hardware

- I. battery
- 2. cable
- 3. desktop computer
- 4. digital camera
- 5. docking station
- 6. fax machine
- 7. laptop computer (or notebook)
- 8. mobile phone
- 9. mouse
- I 0. PDA (Personal Digital Assistant)
- II. plug
- I2. printer
- I3. projector
- 14. scanner
- I5. socket



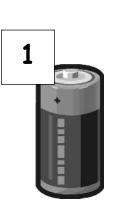


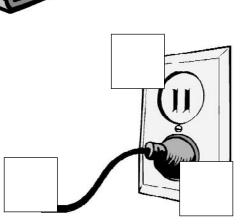








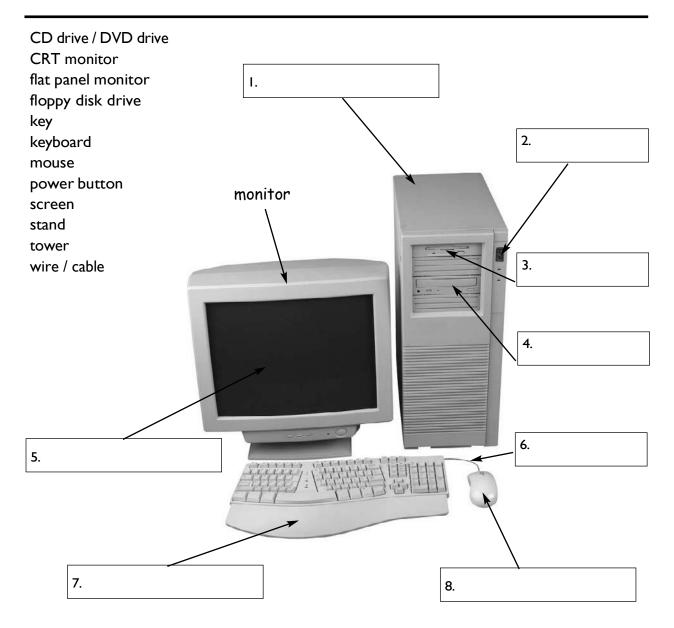


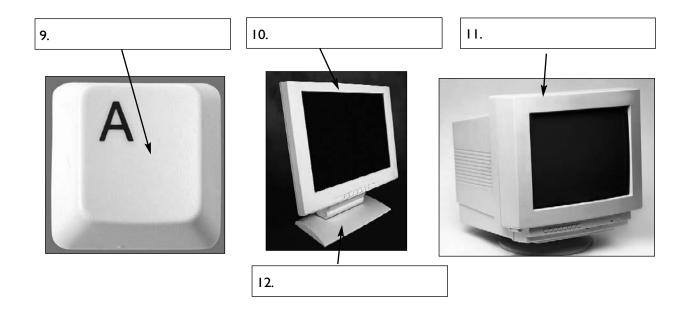


## Some useful verbs

A. Mat	tch the verbs with tl	ne nouns.		
١.	recharge	a	<b>1</b> .	digital photos
2.	click on	t	э.	faxes
3.	dial	c	2.	a number on your mobile phone
4.	give	c	d.	a presentation
5.	move	e	э.	something with the mouse
6.	print out	f		the battery
7.	send and receive		g.	the mouse
8.	take some	ł	า.	twenty pages
B. Cho	ose the best verb.			
<b>9</b> . T	Γο turn on the computer, <u>.</u>	the "Start"	butt	ton.
	<b>a.</b> touch	<b>b.</b> press		<b>c.</b> switch
10.	The printer has	of ink.		
	<b>a.</b> finished	<b>b.</b> ended		<b>c.</b> run out
11.	Unfortunately, my scanne	er isn't at tl	he m	oment.
	<b>a.</b> working	<b>b.</b> going		c. doing
12.	Please the Cl	D ROM.		
	<b>a.</b> insert	<b>b.</b> introduce		<b>c.</b> inject
13.	The projector isn't worki	ng because it isn't		<u>_</u> .
	a. plugged	<b>b.</b> plugged in		c. plugged into
14.	The batteries in my digita	l camera are nearly dea	d. Th	ey need
	<b>a.</b> to change	<b>b.</b> exchanging		<b>c.</b> changing
15.	I have toa co	omputer screen for eigh	nt hoi	urs a day.
	a. see	<b>b.</b> look at		<b>c.</b> watch
16.	Switch off your computer	r, and it fro	om tł	ne wall socket.
	<b>a.</b> de-plug	<b>b.</b> unplug		<b>c.</b> non-plug
17.	I turned off the photocop	ier and tł	ne plu	ug.
	<b>a.</b> pulled out	<b>b.</b> extracted		<b>c.</b> took away
18.	any key to co	ontinue.		
	<b>a.</b> Kick	<b>b.</b> Smash		<b>c.</b> Hit

## The workstation

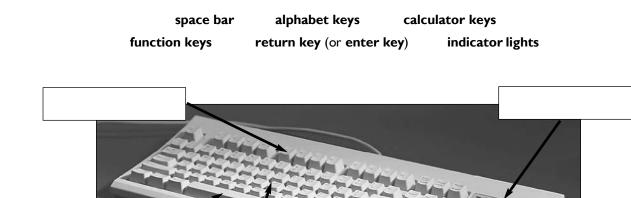


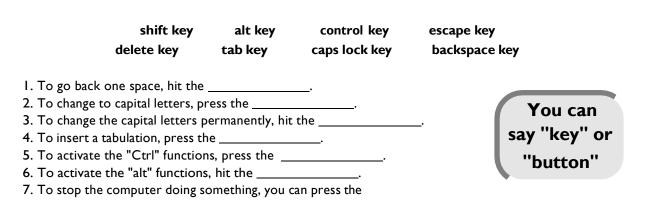


For reference see A & C Black Dictionary of Computing (978 07475 6622 9).

Rearrange the letters to ma	ke things which can be pa	rt of a workstation.
tucmepor	-	computer
13. trirpen	-	
14. nasecnr	-	
15. kesd	-	
16. hacir	-	
I7. nopelethe	-	
Choose the best word.		
18. The mouse moves on a		
<b>a.</b> mouse mat	<b>b.</b> mouse carpet	<b>c.</b> mouse table
19. TV and computer screens are	usually measured in	
<b>a.</b> feet	<b>b.</b> miles	<b>c.</b> inches
20. Before you start work,	the height of your chair	
<b>a.</b> adjust	<b>b.</b> change	c. rearrange
21. To get sound from your comp	outer, plug in a pair of	
<b>a.</b> loudhailers	<b>b.</b> loudspeakers	<b>c.</b> loud voices
22. The computer is connected to	the telephone line via a	<u></u> .
<b>a.</b> module	<b>b.</b> modem	<b>c.</b> mod
23. You can increase the functions	s or performance of a computer w	ith an
<b>a.</b> extension card	<b>b.</b> exploding card	c. expansion card
24. Mobile phones and PDAs can	communicate with computers via _	
<b>a.</b> Bluebeard <sup>®</sup>	<b>b.</b> Blueberry <sup>®</sup>	<b>c.</b> Bluetooth <sup>®</sup>
25. There's a spare in	the workstation	
<b>a.</b> electric hole	<b>b.</b> power point	c. electrical opening
26so you can plug in your mol	bile phone	
<b>a.</b> charger	<b>b.</b> power	<b>c.</b> electrification
27. SD cards can be read in a com	iputer's	
a. storage reader	<b>b.</b> memory reader	<b>c.</b> card reader

## The keyboard





8. Select the text you want to remove, and hit the \_\_\_\_\_

standard keyboard key in (or type in)



#### ergonomic keyboard enter data input

- 9. Please \_\_\_\_\_ your password.
  10. It took me two hours to \_\_\_\_\_ all that text.
- II. A keyboard is a \_\_\_\_\_ device.
- 12. Do you have a \_\_\_\_\_? No. I have a special \_\_\_\_\_. It's better for my arms and back.

## The mouse

scroll up	scroll down	touchpad	left button
right button	joystick	single	double
scroll wheel	hold down	repetitive strain injury	
t	o see pages above.		
t	o see pages below.		
To select text,	the left	button, and move the mouse	pointer.
lf you use a mouse	e for many hours even	ry day, you can get	in your fingers
With a laptop con keyboard.	nputer, plug in a mou	se, or use the	_ in front of the
To play some gam	es, you need to use a	instead of a	i mouse.
	down a page, you can	the mouse	wheel.
To move up and o	1 8 7	the mouse	wheel.
To move up and o This mouse doesn	't have a ball. It's an _		wheel.
To move up and o This mouse doesn One click of a mo	't have a ball. It's an _ use button is called a	mouse.	wheel.
To move up and o This mouse doesn One click of a mo Two clicks of a mo	't have a ball. It's an _ use button is called a	mouse. click. d a click.	wheel.
To move up and o This mouse doesn One click of a mo Two clicks of a mo Click	't have a ball. It's an _ use button is called a puse button are called	mouse. click. d a click.	wheel.
To move up and o This mouse doesn One click of a mo Two clicks of a mo	't have a ball. It's an _ use button is called a puse button are called	mouse. click. d a click.	wheel.
To move up and o This mouse doesn One click of a mo Two clicks of a mo Click	't have a ball. It's an _ use button is called a puse button are called	mouse. click. d a click.	wheel.

14. \_\_\_\_

A wheel mouse

15. \_\_\_\_\_

## Scanning

Adjust	all-in-one	at	preview (or prescan)
Brightness	connected	contrast	file format
Flatbed	handheld	high	image editing
Low	OCR software	original	click
Text	dpi		

#### How to scan an image

- I. Make sure the scanner is \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the computer.
- 2. Lift the lid and put the \_\_\_\_\_ on the scanner glass.
- 3. For high image quality, scan \_\_\_\_\_ 300 \_\_\_\_\_ or higher.
- 4. The scanning software will automatically do a \_\_\_\_\_\_.
- 5. If the image is too dark or too light, you can \_\_\_\_\_ the \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_
- 6. \_\_\_\_\_"scan".

С

- 7. If you scanned \_\_\_\_\_, it can be "read" by \_\_\_\_\_
- 8. If you want to save the image, choose a \_\_\_\_\_. JPEG is a good choice for photos.
- 9. The scanned image can be manipulated using \_\_\_\_\_\_ software.
- 10. An \_\_\_\_\_ printer/scanner can print, scan and copy.
- II. Picture A is a \_\_\_\_\_ scanner.
- I 2. Picture B is a \_\_\_\_\_ scanner.
- 13. Picture C is a \_\_\_\_\_ resolution photograph.
- 14. Picture D is a \_\_\_\_\_ resolution photograph.





Α

В

dpi stands for dots per inch (1 inch = 2.4cm) OCR stands for Optical Character Recognition JPEG is pronounced "jay-peg"

## Some useful adjectives

Choose the best adjective.		
I. Oh dear. I pressed the	button.	
<b>a.</b> incorrect	<b>b.</b> wrong	c. false
2. I can't use my mobile phone. The l	pattery's	
<b>a.</b> over	<b>b.</b> flat	<b>c.</b> exhausted
3. The battery isn't completely flat, b	ut its very	
<b>a.</b> down	<b>b.</b> short	<b>c.</b> low
4. My video camera is very		
<b>a.</b> easy to use	<b>b.</b> uncomplicated	c. obvious
5. My new computer has a very	processor	
<b>a.</b> quick	<b>b.</b> high speed	<b>c.</b> fast
a. quick		C. last
6. The XI9 notebook computer featu	ires a very design.	
<b>a.</b> compact	<b>b.</b> little	<b>c.</b> small
7. Keeping files on paper is		
<b>a.</b> an old-tech	<b>b.</b> a past-tech	<b>c.</b> a low-tech
8. Keeping files on a computer datab	ase is a solution.	
<b>a.</b> new-tech	<b>b.</b> now-tech	<b>c.</b> high-tech
9. My new PDA is the m	odel.	
<b>a.</b> latest	<b>b.</b> newest	c. most modern
10. In our office, we've set up a	network.	
<b>a.</b> wire-free	<b>b.</b> no wires	c. wireless
	н.,	
II. A call from New York to Toyko is		- ferrer 199
<b>a.</b> far	<b>b.</b> long	<b>c.</b> faraway
12. I don't think this printer is	with my computer.	
<b>a.</b> compatible	<b>b.</b> connectable	<b>c.</b> suitable
13. My laptop is only 3 centimetres _		
<b>a.</b> thick	<b>b.</b> tall	<b>c.</b> wide
14. The screen on my laptop isn't ver	т <b>у</b>	
<b>a.</b> light	<b>b.</b> white	<b>c.</b> bright
15. In three or four years, my new co	mputer will probably be	
<b>a.</b> old fashioned	<b>b.</b> behind the times	<b>c.</b> obsolete
	omputer, it will work immediately. It's	
<b>a.</b> plug and go	<b>b.</b> plug and play	<b>c.</b> plug and use

## Printing

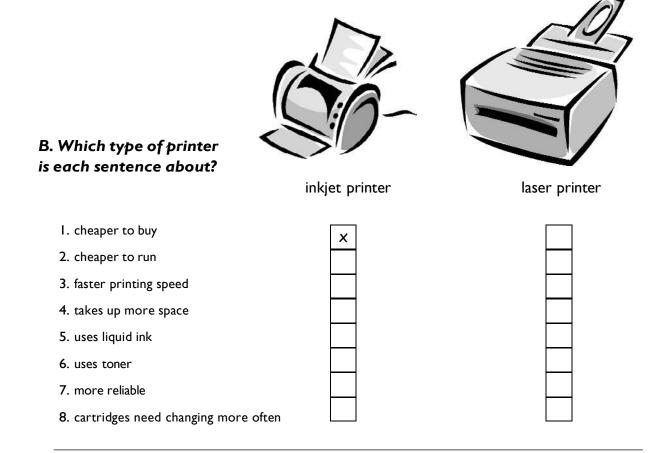
A. Put the words in the spaces.

	Cartridge	collate	cover	feed
	double-sided	landscape	mono	out
	out of	portrait	jammed	print-head
	Reload	replacement	via	
١.	When the ink runs out	you have to change	the	
		, .		
2.	cartridge	es can be ordered on	line.	
3.	To change the cartridg	e, you have to lift the		
4.	The printer is connecte	ed to the computer	a USB cab	le.
5.	The printer is	paper	the paper tray.	
6.	I think some paper is _	inside t	he printer.	
7.	My printer keeps gettir	ng jammed. I think the	ere's a problem with th	e paper
8.	Shall I print this	in colour or	black and white?	
9.	"Black and white" is al	so known as		
10.	If there's a problem wit	th the print quality, p	erhaps the	need cleaning.
11.	Can your printer do	printing	?	
12.	To mear	ns to put all the pages	into the correct order	

13. This page is in

orientation.

14. This page is in	
orientation.	



#### C. True or false?

١.	Inkjet cartridges can be refilled up to three times.	TRUE / FALSE
2.	Colour images are printed by mixing red, green and yellow ink.	TRUE / FALSE
3.	"ppm" stands for pages per minute.	TRUE / FALSE
4.	Most inkjet printers can print out at 100 ppm or more.	TRUE / FALSE
5.	Inkjet cartridges are very difficult to change.	TRUE / FALSE
6.	Photo-paper is a lot more expensive than plain paper.	TRUE / FALSE
7.	Recycled paper is made out of old bottles.	TRUE / FALSE
8.	Some Inkjet printers have three print qualities: draft, normal and best.	TRUE / FALSE
9.	Before you can use a new printer, you have to install the driver from	
	a CD-ROM.	TRUE / FALSE
10.	When a print job has started, it can't be cancelled.	TRUE / FALSE

## **Mobile Phones**



#### **Mobile Phone networks**

Contract	installed	networks	operators
pay-as-you-go	SIM card	roaming	tariffs
top up	users		

In Britain there are several mobile phone <sup>1</sup> \_\_\_\_\_\_ including Vodaphone, O2, T-mobile and Orange. There are also <sup>2</sup> \_\_\_\_\_\_ like Virgin Mobile who use the network of another company.

When you buy a cell phone, you have a choice of <sup>3</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_. The most popular is "<sup>4</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_", with customers paying for their calls in advance. They can <sup>5</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ their accounts in shops, over the internet, and at cash machines. Heavy <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ may prefer a <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_. They pay a fixed amount every month, but the calls are much cheaper than they are for pay-as-you-go customers.

Mobile phones usually come with a <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_ already <sup>9</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. If you take the phone abroad, you may be able to use it on a local network. This is called "<sup>10</sup>\_\_\_\_\_". It can be expensive, and it may be cheaper to buy a foreign SIM card.

#### Choose the best word.

I. Afte	r 6pm, calls cost 20p	minute		
	a. for one	<b>b.</b> per	<b>c.</b> each	
2. Yo	u can't use a mobile in a o	cave because there's no _		
	<b>a.</b> network	<b>b.</b> connection	<b>c.</b> power	
3. I n	eed to charge up my mob	ile phone battery. Have ye	ou seen my?	
	a. charger		•	
4. W	hen you send a text mess	age, the funct	tion can help your write it	more quickly.
	•	<b>b.</b> predictive text		. ,
5. In	the car, it's safer to use a	phone.		
		<b>b.</b> no hands	<b>c.</b> hands-free	
6. lf y	vou don't want to dial a n	umber by mistake, turn o	n the	
,		<b>b.</b> keypad lock		
7 W	hich network has the lowe	est ?		
	<b>a.</b> call charges		c. call expenses	
8 M	/ pay-as-you-go account _	is about £7		
0.11)	<b>a.</b> balance	<b>b.</b> level	<b>c.</b> amount	
<u>а м</u> ,	v average call	is about two minutos		
<b>7</b> . Pi	•	<b>b.</b> length	<b>c.</b> duration	
10. V	Ve're a long way from the <b>a.</b> broadcaster		<b>c.</b> transmitter	
11	so the is ver <b>a.</b> sign	y weak. <b>b.</b> signal	<b>c.</b> transmission	
	<b>a.</b> 31511			
Which	is <u>not</u> possible?			
I 2. I'	ll call her on my			
	a. mobile phone	<b>b.</b> cell phone	c. moving phone	<b>d.</b> cellular phone
13. A	mobile phone can't work			
	<b>a.</b> SIM card	<b>b.</b> sim card	<b>c.</b> sim chip	<b>d.</b> similar card
14. C	Oon't forget to send me			
	<b>a.</b> a text message	<b>b.</b> a text	<b>c.</b> an SMS	<b>d.</b> a phone message
	-			-
15. V	/hen I arrive, I'll			
	a. text you	<b>b.</b> textualise you	<b>c.</b> send you an SMS	<b>d.</b> send you a text

## Other devices

#### A. Match the devices with the places you would find them.

١.	cash dispenser / cash machine / ATM	a.	at a supermarket checkout
2.	barcode reader	b.	connected to a pair of headphones
3.	magnetic strip	c.	in an office in 1975
4.	MP3 player	d.	in an office, school or copy shop
5.	photocopier	e.	in the hands of a tourist
6.	telex machine	f.	in the headquarters of a large company
7.	video camera	g.	on the back of a credit card
8.	mainframe computer	h.	outside a bank

#### B. Choose the best word.

9. When you pay by credit card, you	ur card is	
a. swooped	<b>b.</b> swiped	<b>c.</b> swapped
10. A laptop computer with a scree	•	
<b>a.</b> tablet PC	<b>b.</b> table PC	<b>c.</b> flat screen PC
II. An image on TV or computer s	creen is made up of thousands of <u>.</u>	
<b>a.</b> points	<b>b.</b> pixels	<b>c.</b> bits
12. You can draw directly onto a co	omputer screen with a	
<b>a.</b> bright pen	<b>b.</b> light pen	<b>c.</b> pixel pen
	13. A camera connecte	d directly to the internet is called
and a state	·	
ALL	<b>a.</b> an internet o	amera <b>b.</b> a web watcher
	<b>c.</b> a webcam	
AND MULTINE STOR		
I4. The woman in the photo is wearin		bhoto is wearing a
C C C	a. headpiece	<b>b.</b> headphone
20 × 0.	c. headset	
12 2	8	
	15. She talks to custom	ers on the telephone all day. She
	works in a	
16 1 1 1	a. telephone ce	entre <b>b.</b> call centre
	c. talking centr	e

## Inside a computer

#### A. Processors and memory

chips	dual core	megabytes	megahertz
motherboard	processor	speed	upgraded

The "brain" of a computer is the 1\_\_\_\_\_\_. Most of these are made by Intel and AMD, and are sometimes referred to as "2\_\_\_\_\_\_". The fastest processors are 3\_, which means that there are two processors working together. The 4 \_\_\_\_\_\_ of a processor is measured in 5\_\_\_\_\_\_, which is usually written as MHz.

A computer's memory is measured in <sup>6</sup>\_\_\_\_\_\_. If a computer has 1,024 megabytes of memory, and the memory type is SDRAM, this is written as 1,024 MB SDRAM, and is pronounced "a thousand and twenty-four megabytes ess-dee-dram".

The processor and memory modules are located on the <sup>7</sup>\_\_\_\_\_. Changing a computer's processor is not generally practical, but the memory can usually be <sup>8</sup>\_\_\_\_\_.

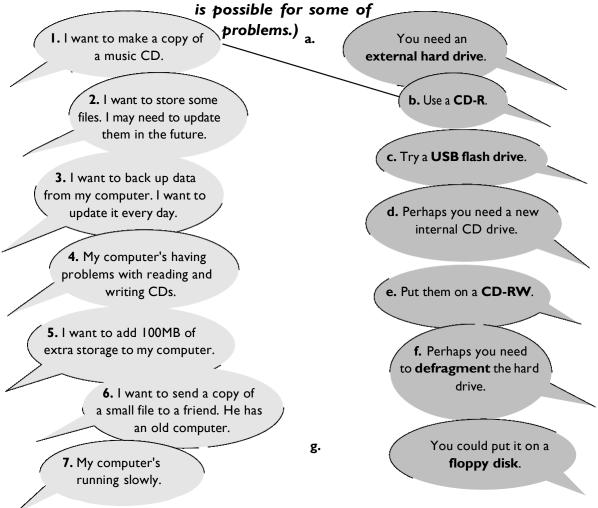
#### B. Power

disc	onnect	fan	mains electricity
ove	rheating	shock	spikes
sup	ply	surge protector	transformer
I.	Laptops are powered by ba	atteries or	
2.	Mains electricity is convert	ed to lower voltage by a	
3.	A protection	cts electronic equipment from	
4.		om a computer, make sure you tricity Otherwis 	se,
5.	The computer is cooled by the processor from	y a This prevent:	s

## Data storage

	burn	capacity	card	drawer
	eject	free space	hard drive	stick
١.	The data and application	ons on your computer ar	e stored on the	
2.	To run this application	n you need at least 50MB	of	on your hard drive.
3.	My computer's hard d	rive has a	of 120GB.	
4.	Do you like this CD? I	can yo	ou a copy if you want.	
5.	The opposite of "Inser	rt the DVD" is "	the DVD".	
6.	I can't eject the CD. I	think the	's stuck.	2000
7.	Digital cameras usually	y store pictures on a men	10ry	_ or a memory

Which do you think is the <u>best</u> solution for each problem? (More than one solution



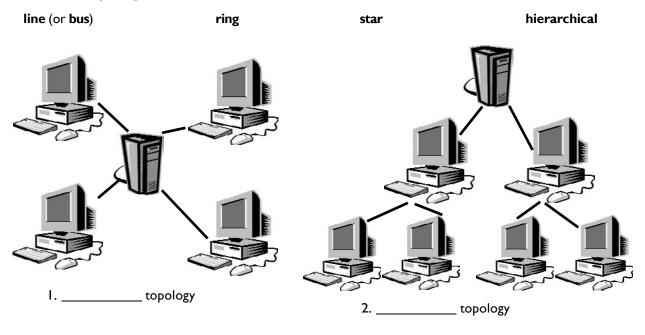
## Connectivity

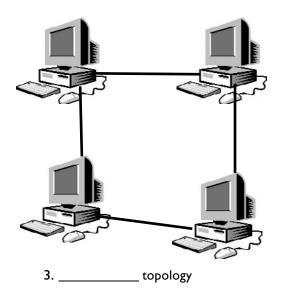
a. extras	<b>b.</b> peripherals	<b>c.</b> externals
. Add extra USB	to your computer	
<b>a.</b> ports	<b>b.</b> doors	<b>c.</b> windows
with a USB		
<b>a.</b> centre	<b>b.</b> point	<b>c.</b> hub
. ADSL is also known as		
<b>a.</b> wideband	<b>b.</b> broadband	<b>c.</b> longband
. I want to get a	ADSL modem.	
a. quick-speed	<b>b.</b> fast-speed	<b>c.</b> high-speed
. The internet is much faste	er with a broadband connection than wi	th
<b>a.</b> dial-up	<b>b.</b> phone-up	<b>c.</b> call-up
. With a wireless router, yo	ou can your broadband con	nection with other users.
<b>a.</b> divide	<b>b.</b> combine	c. share
. This wire's too short. I ne	ed an cable.	
<b>a.</b> extended	<b>b.</b> extension	<b>c.</b> extender
You can connect a USB p	lug to a PS/2 port by using	
<b>a.</b> an adaptor	<b>b.</b> a bridge	<b>c.</b> a connector
Bluetooth®		
data	developed devices	enabled
signals	wireless telecomn	nunications
signals		
Bluetooth® technolo	ogy enables ' uch as laptop computers, mobile phon evices use short-range radio <sup>4</sup>	es and PDAs. Bluetooth <sup>®</sup>

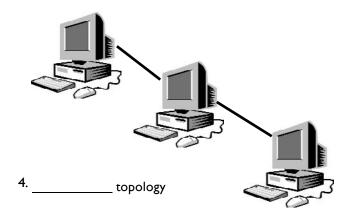
## Networks

LAN				
intranet	Local	log onto	network care	ł
satellite	server	terminals	WAN (Wide	Area Network)
LAN is pronounced "lan", and stands for 1 Area Network. In a typical LAN, there is a				
central network <sup>2</sup>	which	supports a number of	of <sup>3</sup>	. Users have to
<sup>4</sup> the network server. Pages of information that can be viewed within a LAN are called				
an <sup>5</sup>	A number of LANs co	nnected to each other	via <sup>6</sup>	or other form
ofcommunication are called a <sup>7</sup> To be used as network terminals, each computer				
needs to have a <sup>8</sup>	installed	i.		

#### **Network topologies**







## Electronic payments

#### A. EPOS and EFTPOS

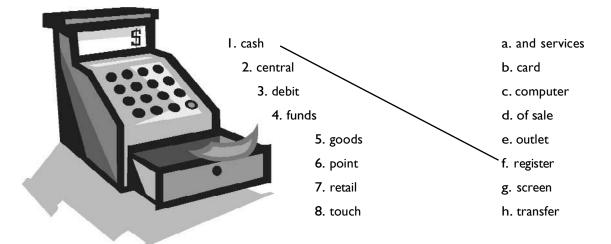
#### Cross out the incorrect word

EPOS (electronic point of sale) terminals are **cash** / **money** registers found in retail **openings** / **outlets** such as shops and restaurants. They are connected to a **central** / **centre** computer, and data about **objects** / **goods** and services sold is entered into the terminals via keyboards, barcode readers, **touch** / **finger** screens etc. They are useful for stock management, and can produce itemised bills and **receipts** / **recipes**.

EFTPOS (electronic funds transfer point of sale) can also transfer **cash** / **funds** directly from the customer's bank account via a **debit** / **paying** card. They are now more common than EPOS terminals.

#### **B.** Word partnerships

#### Match the words.



#### C. Plastic

Match the cards with the phrases.	
I. credit card	a. Buy now, pay now.
2. debit card	b. Buy now, pay the bank later.
3. cash card	c. Buy now, pay the shop later.
4. loyalty card	d. Spend, and get some money or goods back from the shop.
5. store card	e. Take money out of a cash machine.

### Review crossword

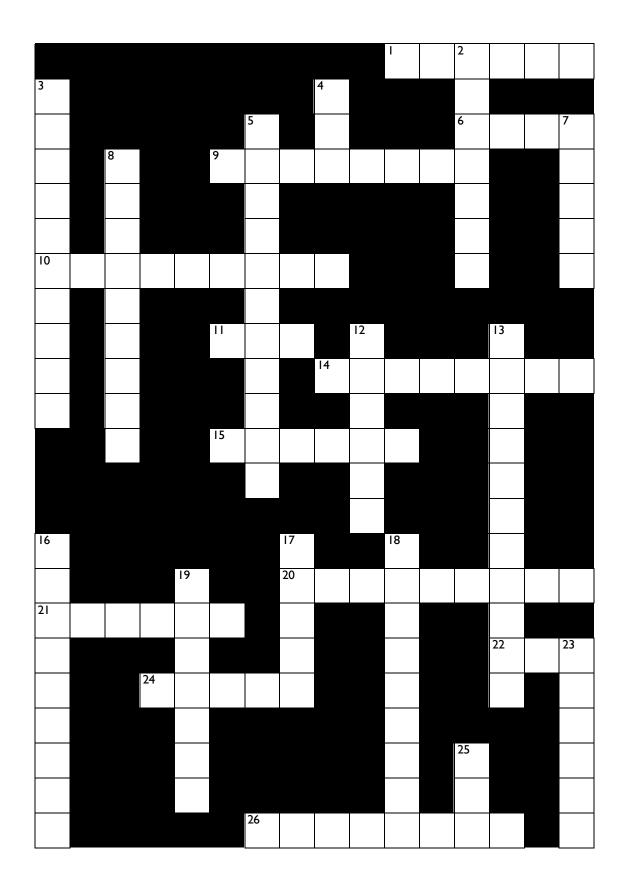
#### All the words can be found in Units 1.1 to 1.15

#### Across

- I. A camera connected to the internet. (6 letters)
- 6. To send an SMS message. (4)
- 9. The most common page orientation. (8)
- 10. A computer's "brain". (9)
- II. It prevents a computer from overheating. (3)
- 14. A connection without wires. (7)
- 15. The place where you put a plug. (6)
- 20. Processor speeds are measured in these. (9)
- 21. The cheapest type of printer. (6)
- 22. Lift this before you use your scanner. (3)
- 24. The shop assistant does this to your credit card. (5)
- 26. The strip on the back of a credit or debit card. (8)

#### Down

- 2. When it's dead, recharge it or replace it. (7)
- 3. You speak into this. (10)
- 4. The mouse moves on this. (3)
- 5. A computer, printer and scanner on a desk with a chair. (11)
- 7. Laser printers use this instead of ink. (5)
- 8. A design (for example, a type of keyboard) which is better for your body. (9)
- 12. An image on a screen is made up of thousands of these. (6)
- 13. Printers, scanners, webcams etc. (10)
- 16. A very large computer which never moves. (9)
- 17. A photo or drawing. (5)
- 18. You need to change or refill this when your printer runs out of ink. (9)
- 19. Two or more computers connected together. (7)
- 23. The slowest form of internet connection. (4, 2)
- 26. Image resolution is usually measured in this. (3)



## Your computer

#### Can you answer these questions in English?

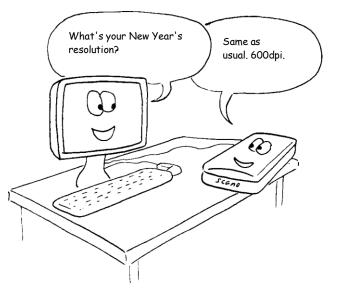
I. What kind of computer do you have?

2. Do you know the technical specifications of you computer?

3. Would you like to upgrade your computer? If so, what kind of computer would you like to get?

4. Which peripherals do you use most often? Why?

5. Do you use computer networks? If so, how do you connect to the networks you use?

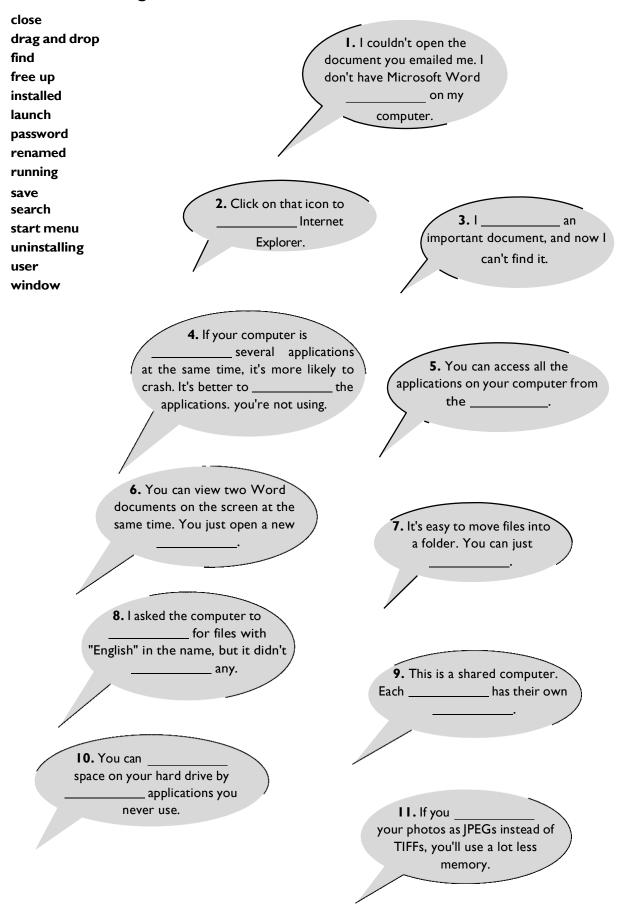


## Section 2: Software

## Software: the basics

A. Choose the correct word	to fill the spaces.		
I. Turn on your computer. It will usu	ually take a few minutes to		
<b>a.</b> boot itself	<b>b.</b> boot up	c. get booted	
2. Windows XP, Macintosh OSX and	Linux are		
<b>a.</b> operating systems	<b>b.</b> operating tools	c. operators	
3. On my computer, I have a picture	of my cat as the		
<b>a.</b> desktop background	<b>b.</b> desktop picture	<b>c.</b> desktop scene	
4. Microsoft Word, Adobe Acrobat a	nd CorelDraw are programs or		
<b>a.</b> applicators	<b>b.</b> appliers	<b>c.</b> applications	
5. To open Microsoft Word, click on	the		
<b>a.</b> picture	<b>b.</b> symbol	<b>c.</b> icon	
6. I keep all my digital photos in a	called "Photos".		
<b>a.</b> folder	<b>b.</b> packet	c. box	
7. Is it possible to open Microsoft Ex	cel in Word?		
a. texts	<b>b.</b> files	<b>c.</b> pages	
8. In Microsoft Word, to start typing a new letter, open a new			
<b>a.</b> document	<b>b.</b> page	<b>c.</b> paper	
9. When you a documer	nt, it's sent to the recycle bin.		
<b>a.</b> destroy	<b>b.</b> erase	<b>c.</b> delete	
10. Deleted documents stay in the re	ecycle bin until you it.		
<b>a.</b> wash	<b>b.</b> empty	<b>c.</b> clean	
II. In Windows, the icon is just a	to the application. If you delete t	he icon, the application will	
still be on your computer.			
a. connector	<b>b.</b> shortcut	<b>c.</b> link	
12. If the computer crashes, you can	try pressing the button.		
<b>a.</b> restart	<b>b.</b> recommence	<b>c.</b> replay	
13. When I've finished using my computer, I always			
<b>a.</b> close it down	<b>b.</b> shut it down	<b>c.</b> shut it off	
14. If I leave my computer on without	ut using it, after a while it goes into	mode.	
<b>a.</b> stand down	<b>b.</b> waiting	<b>c.</b> standby	

#### B. Insert the missing words.



## Using software: useful verbs

#### Match the words on the left with the words on the right.

#### Set l

I. arrange the	a. a Microsoft Word file
2. cut and paste	b. a new window
3. install	c. photo. It's too big.
4. <b>open</b> the document in	d. an application
5. resize the	e. some text
6. save it as	f. icons on the desktop

#### Set 2

l. copy the	a. for a lost file
2. customize your	b. a program
3. launch	c. "search" function
4. search	d. text into a new document
5. <b>send</b> the file	e. to a different folder
6. <b>use</b> the	f. desktop

#### Set 3

I. accidentally <b>deleted</b> an	a. menu
2. exit	b. important file
3. click on that button	c. an application
4. pull down a	d. as a web page
5. <b>replace</b> the existing	e. on the task bar
6. view	f. file

#### Set 4

a. after a session
b. all folders
c. application
d. hard drive
e. on a USB memory key
f. program

## The control panel

adding	background	<del>customising</del>		
default format	digital	displayed		
properties	image screen saver	performance setting up		
tasks	wallpaper	wireless		
	Pop -			
The control panel p	rovides options for ' <u>customi</u>	i <b>sing</b> the appearance of your computer		
screen, <sup>2</sup>	or removing programs and	d <sup>3</sup> network connection		
		thing you will want to do is set the dat		
and time. You can	also choose the <sup>4</sup>	for dates and times. For example		
November 4th 200	7 can be <sup>5</sup> as 0	04-11-2007, 2007-11-04 or in variou		
other formats.				
You may wish to ch	ange the desktop <sup>6</sup>	to a picture, for example a person		
photo taken on a <sup>7</sup>	camera. A pict	ure on the desktop background is also		
known as <sup>8</sup>				
If a computer scree	n shows the same <sup>9</sup>	for a very long time, it can leave		
permanent impressi	on. To avoid this, you can ch	oose a <sup>10</sup> This is usually		
		nputer is not used for a set amount		
time (for example, f	ive minutes).			
		or change internet and other netwo		
connections, includi	ng <sup>11</sup> network	connections.		
In fact, you can char	age most aspects of your com	puter's <sup>12</sup> through the second se		
control panel, suc	h as the system <sup>13</sup>	, modem settings, schedul		
•				

## Applications

#### A. Match the descriptions on the left with these famous applications.

- I. word processor
- 2. spreadsheet
- 3. virus protection
- 4. browser
- 5. image editor
- 6. media player
- 7. email software
- $\mathbf{8.}$  presentation software
- 9. graphic design software

- a. Adobe Photoshop
- **b.** Internet Explorer
- c. Microsoft Word
- d. Microsoft Excel
- e. Microsoft PowerPoint
- f. Norton AntiVirus
- g. Outlook Express
- h. Adobe PageMaker
- i. RealPlayer

#### B. Crossword

1. programs which tell the computer what to do (8)

2. a piece of software which makes a computer do a task (for example, edit an image) (11)

3. any set of instructions for a computer (7)

4. software which operates a peripheral, such as a scanner or printer (6)

5. application which stores and displays digital photos (5,5)

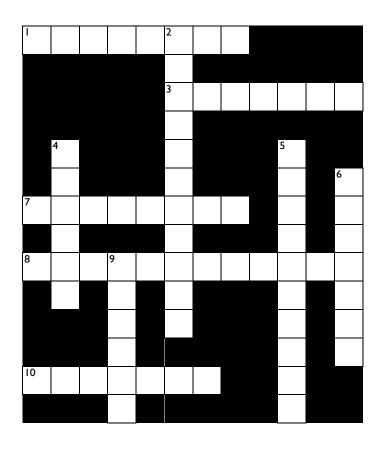
6. you enter a security code to prove that you have a \_\_\_\_\_ to use the software (7)

7. software which prevents unauthorised access to your computer over the internet(8)

8. a series of letters and numbers which you have to enter before installing some programs (8,4)

9. download new features for an application (6)

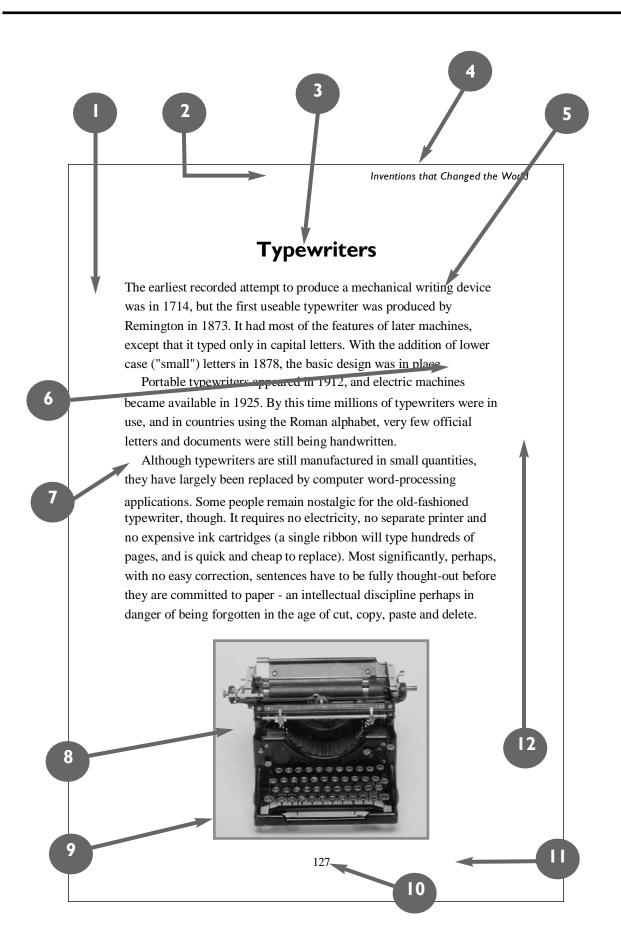
10. an unauthorised copy of a program (7)



## Some useful adjectives

A. Choose the best words.								
I. Software which is easy to use is								
a. user-easy	<b>b.</b> user-friendly	<b>c.</b> usable						
2. Software which is obvious to use is								
<b>a.</b> intuitive	<b>b.</b> guessable	<b>c.</b> comprehensible						
3. Software which is not obvious to use is								
<b>a.</b> counter-intuitive	<b>b.</b> unintuitive	<b>c.</b> non-intuitive						
4. Software for use by children and schools is								
<b>a.</b> learning	<b>b.</b> teaching	<b>c.</b> educational						
5. Software for use by businesses is	5							
<b>a.</b> commercial	<b>b.</b> businesslike	<b>c.</b> busy						
6. Software made specially for one company is								
<b>a.</b> one-off	<b>b.</b> unique	c. tailor-made						
7. Software for use at home is								
<b>a.</b> for home use	<b>b.</b> for house use	<b>c.</b> for household use						
8. Software which has been illegally copied is								
<b>a.</b> unreal	<b>b.</b> pirated	<b>c.</b> fake						
9. Software which has been bought from the company that produced it is								
<b>a.</b> real	<b>b.</b> justified	<b>c.</b> licensed						
Types of software								
B. Match the type of software with the definition.								
I. trial version	<b>a.</b> A <b>simplified</b> version which is cheaper to buy.							
2. shareware	<b>b.</b> Software which is in the <b>public domain</b> . Anybody can use it without paying.							
<b>3.</b> freeware <b>c.</b> The <b>full version</b> with all the features.								
<b>4.</b> home-use version								
5. professional version		<b>I.</b> You can try it for a while for free. Then if you want to keep using t, you are expected to pay a small <b>fee</b> to the writer.						
	<b>e.</b> You can use it for free for a while (often a month). When the <b>trial period</b> finishes, you have to pay, or the program will <b>de-activate</b> .							

## 2.6 Word processing 1

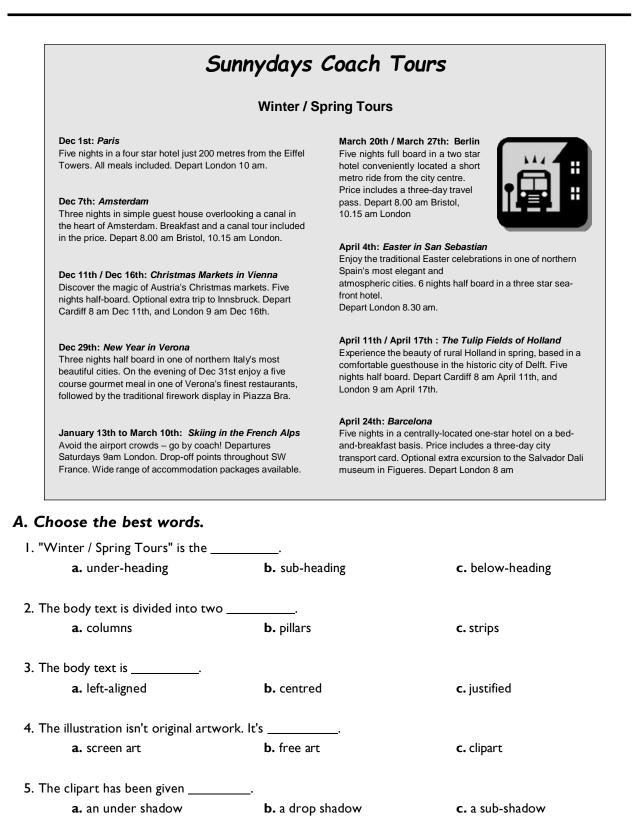


#### A. Write the numbers next to the words.

the words.			B. Match the words with the			
2	top margin		types of l bold	ettering bold italic	italic	
	bottom margin			r case (or small		
	left-hand margin		outline	plain text		
	-			hrough ur case (or capital		
	right-hand margin		иррег	case (or capital	letter sj	
	heading (or title)	IABCDEFG				
	body text	<b>2.</b> abcdefg				
	paragraph break		3	Typewrit	ters	
	- indent			Typewri		
	-	5	Typewriters			
	illustration	6	6 Typewriters			
	border (or frame)		7	Typewriters		
	page number		8	<del>Typewriters</del>		
	page border (or edge of the page)		9	Typewriters		
	noose the best words.	· · · · ·		Typewri	lters	
I. ING	e text about typewriters is divided <b>a.</b> sections	<b>b.</b> paragraphs	·	<b>c.</b> chunks		
	a. sections			C. Chuliks		
2. Tin	nes, Arial and Courier are types of	·				
	a. lettering b.			<b>c.</b> font		
3. The	e text about typewriters is	·				
	<b>a.</b> single spaced <b>b.</b> double spa		ed <b>c.</b> one-and-half spaced			
4. "In	ventions that Changed the World	l" is the	·			
	<b>a.</b> header	<b>b.</b> footer		<b>c.</b> footnote		
5. Do	you think the margins are too	or	?			
	<b>a.</b> big / small	<b>b.</b> wide / narro	W	<b>c.</b> long / sho	rt	
<b>6</b> . Do	you like the page?					
	<b>a.</b> layout	<b>b.</b> organisation		<b>c.</b> pattern		

ſ

### 2.7 Word processing 2



- 6. This poster has been given a 10% grey background \_\_\_\_\_.
   a. wash
   b. fill
   c. colour
- 7. The design of this poster is \_\_\_\_\_\_.

   a. a bit amateurish

   b. highly professional

   c. state-of-the-art

#### **Punctuation and symbols**

#### B. Match the words with the punctuation marks and symbols.

I. full stop	a.	!
2. comma	b.	@
3. exclamation mark	с.	,
4. question mark	d.	&
5. single quotes	e.	
6. double quotes	f.	=
7. dollar sign	g.	'Hello'
8. percentage sign	h.	
9. ampersand	i.	*
10. asterisk	j.	"Hello"
I I. hash	k.	_
12. brackets	I.	-
13. left bracket	m.	?
14. square brackets	n.	/
15. underscore	О.	( )
l 6. hyphen	р.	\$
17. plus sign	q.	١
18. equals sign	r.	[]
19. colon	s.	%
20. semicolon	t.	(
21. "at" sign	u.	#
22. forward slash	٧.	:
23. backward slash	w.	+
24. arrow	х.	;

#### C. Look at this table, and answer true or false.

Bristol	London	Dover
8.15	10.30	12.45
14.00	16.15	18.30
17.45	19.00	21.15

#### **Departure times**

- I. All the cells are the same size.
- 2. There are four columns and three rows.
- 3. The text in the top bar is reversed-out.
- 4. The middle column has a lighter flood fill.
- 5. The text is centred within its cells.
- 6. The table gridlines are grey.

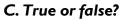
### 2.8 Word processing 3

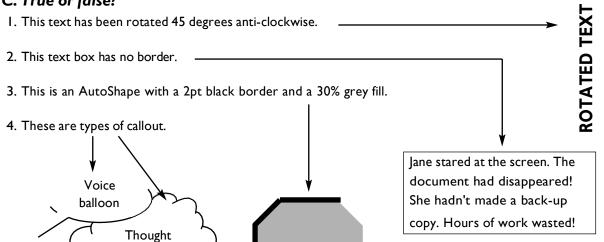
#### A. Match the word processing tool with the task.

I. word count	a. produces form letters and address labels
2. spell checker	<b>b.</b> counts the number of words, lines and paragraphs
<b>3.</b> auto format	c. finds all instances of a word or phrases in a document
4. template	d. checks the text for spelling errors
<b>5.</b> find	e. automatically changes the styles of headings, lists etc.
6. replace	f. shows how a document has been altered
7. print preview	g. records a sequence of commands, and applies them when required
8. track changes	<b>h.</b> a pre-formatted blank document – just type your text into the fields
9. mail merge	i. shows how the document will look in print
<b>IO.</b> macro	j. replaces words or phrases in a document with new text

#### B. Match the words with the examples.

I. Times 10 point	a. Jane stared at the screen
<b>2.</b> Times 24 point	<b>b.</b> Jane stared at the screen. The document had
3. bullet points	disappeared! She hadn't made a back-up copy. Hours of work wasted!
4. superscript	<b>c.</b> Possible courses of action:
	Re-type the entire document.
5. subscript	• Get a computer engineer to find if the text could be retrieved.
	<ul> <li>Resign, and get another job.</li> </ul>
<b>6.</b> justified text	<b>d.</b> Jane stared at the screen.
	e. Jane stared at the screen.
7. highlighted text	f. Jan. 24 <sup>th</sup>
<b>8.</b> text wrap	<b>g.</b> A <sub>2</sub>
	<b>h.</b> Jane stared at the screen. The document had disappeared! She hadn't made a back-up copy. Hours of work wasted!





#### D. Choose the best words.

bubble

I. Making changes to a text is called	·		
<b>a.</b> altering	tering <b>b.</b> renewing		
2. To change normal text to italic, firs	t you must the text yo	ou want to format.	
a. choose	<b>b.</b> take	<b>c.</b> select	
3. A very pale image behind the text i	s called		
<b>a.</b> an ink mark	<b>b.</b> a watermark	<b>c.</b> a grey mark	
4. To divide the text into two pages, i	nsert a		
<b>a.</b> page break	<b>b.</b> page stop	<b>c.</b> page change	
5. The numbers at the bottom of the	page are		
a. page numbers	<b>b.</b> sheet numbers	<b>c.</b> paper numbers	
6. An extra note at the bottom of the	e page (usually in a smaller font siz	e) is called a	
<b>a.</b> bottom note	tom note <b>b.</b> foot		
7. In word processing, to put things ir	nto alphabetical order is to		
a. sort	<b>b.</b> organise	<b>c.</b> order	
8. A list of contacts, addresses etc. is	called		
<b>a.</b> an archive	<b>b.</b> a list	<b>c.</b> a database	
9. Producing a document on your co	omputer and sending it direct to a	printing press is	
•	<b>b.</b> desktop publishing		
10. Cut or copied text is temporarily s	tored in the		
<b>a.</b> clipboard	<b>b.</b> clip	<b>c.</b> clipart	

### Image editing

#### A. Match the word with the definition.

I. crop	a. turn an image
2. sharpen	b. reverse an image
3. soften	c. improve the appearance of an
	image
<b>4.</b> zoom in	d. remove part of an image
5. zoom out	e. copy part of an image to
<b>6.</b> flip	another point in that image
7. rotate	f. view part of the image in more detail
	g. view more of the image in less detail
<b>8.</b> touch up	<b>h.</b> convert a vector image to a bitmap image (see B5 below)
<b>9.</b> clone	i. make the image less blurred
<b>IO.</b> rasterize	<b>j.</b> make the image more blurred



#### B. True or false?

I. Greyscale images take up more disk space than colour images.

2. It's often preferable to scan line drawings as black and white images rather than greyscale images. This takes up less disk space, and produces sharper lines. This type of image is also known as lineart.

3. On most computers, you can view photos as a slideshow – each photo is shown for a few seconds.

**4.** You can also view photos as **fingernails** – small versions of the photos, with lots shown on the screen at the same time.

5. A vector image (for example, a clipart image) can be expanded to any size without loss of resolution. A bitmap image (for example, a photo) is made of pixels, so it loses resolution when it is expanded.



greyscale

black and white



high contrast



high brightness

### Graphic design

Choose the best words from each pair in **bold**.

1. It's usually possible to <sup>1</sup> **import** / **introduce** Adobe PageMaker files into Adobe InDesign. The majority of graphic design applications can <sup>2</sup> **export** / **send off** documents as PDF files, or as HTML web pages.



2. This box has a black <sup>3</sup> frame / outside, also known as a "stroke". Inside the frame, the fill is a <sup>4</sup> fade / gradient from dark grey to light grey.

The difference between the two versions of "wave", is that <sup>5</sup> **curling** / **kerning** has been applied to the top version.

3. A frame, graphic or block of text is known as <sup>6</sup> an object / a thing. These are arranged in <sup>7</sup> levels / layers – the top layer <sup>8</sup> overlaps / overruns the layer below.

4. This image is <sup>9</sup> blurred / soft at the edges (see unit 1.6 for the original). This <sup>10</sup> result / effect is also known as <sup>11</sup> feathering / birding.



5. <sup>12</sup> **Full bleed** / **total bleed** means that the page is printed right up to the edges – there are no white margins. The <sup>13</sup> **snail** / **slug** area is the area outside the area to be printed where instructions for the printer are written.

 This image has been <sup>14</sup> pulled / stretched (see unit 2.8 for the original).



7. Before a document goes <sup>15</sup> to press / for printing, it's essential to check the <sup>16</sup> examples / proofs for errors.

8. Like desktop printers, most colour printing <sup>17</sup> machines / presses print in four colours: cyan (light blue), magenta (dark pink), yellow and black. Before printing, a document must be divided into the four colours. this process is called colour <sup>18</sup> separation / division. These separations are then turned into <sup>19</sup> plates / stamps – one for each of the inks that will be used.

9. Prior to colour separation, coloured images, graphics and text have to be <sup>20</sup> **transformed** / **converted** from RGB (Red Green Blue), the colour format of computer displays, to CMYK (Cyan Magenta Yellow Black) the colour format of printing presses.

10. The process of preparing documents from a graphic designer for the printing press is called <sup>21</sup> reprographics / reproduction.

### Spreadsheets

	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
Ι							
2							
4							
5							
6							
	pose the be		ŕ				
I. A	basic spreadsf <b>a.</b> grid	neet is a	-	ices for data. cage		<b>c.</b> ladder	
2. A s	spreadsheet c <b>a.</b> lengths	onsists of colu		 lines		<b>c.</b> rows	
3. A s	spreadsheet g	rid is called a	worksheet. A	file containin	g one or more	e worksheets	is called a
	<b>a.</b> workou	 t	b.	work		<b>c.</b> workb	ook
4. In	the workshee	et above, the _	c	ell is in colum	n B, row 3.		
	<b>a.</b> importa	int	b.	active		<b>c.</b> focus	
5. Us	e the mouse   <b>a.</b> bunch	pointer to sele	-	ll or group	of cells.	<b>c.</b> block	
6. lt's	6. It's easy to adjust the columna. sizeb. widthc. space						
<b>7</b> . Sp	readsheets ca	n perform ma	thematical				
a. calculations b. deductions c. jobs							
То	get a worksh	eet to perforr	n a mathema	tical calculatio	on, you have t	o enter a _	
To get a worksheet to perform a mathematical calculation, you have to enter a <b>a</b> format <b>b.</b> form <b>c.</b> formula							
9. A	number in a s <b>a.</b> digit	preadsheet ce		ed a numeral	<u> </u> .	<b>c.</b> value	
		ant-stf	aall is to	41 ·	ممال		
10. 1	o remove the <b>a.</b> clean	e contents of a		wash	ceii.	<b>c.</b> clear	
I I. T	o remove a co <b>a.</b> wipe	omplete row i		that row. delete		c. erase	
12. C	Changing the formatt	onts, colours ing		adsheet is cal forming	led	 <b>c.</b> reform	iing

TRUE / FALSE

#### B. Add the arithmetic operator symbols to the table below.

/

\*

		1	- •
symbol	verb	noun	everyday speech
	add	addition	"five plus three equals eight"
	subtract	subtraction	"five minus three equals two"
	multiply	multiplication	"five multiplied by three equals fifteen" "five times three equals fifteen"
	divide	division	"fifteen divided by three equals five"
	raise to the power of		"ten to the power of five is 100,000"

75

0 75

Λ

#### C. Answer true or false.

0.75 7.5	
I. The decimal point has been shifted one place to the right.	TRUE / FALSE
188	
102	
65	
12	
2. The four numbers above have been sorted in ascending order.	TRUE / FALSE
0.005	
0.05	
5,000	
5,055.5	
3. The four numbers above have been sorted in descending order.	TRUE / FALSE
apples	

bananas pears pineapples

4. The four words above have been sorted in alphabetical order.

#### D. Choose the best words from each pair in grey type.

Three useful features in Microsoft Excel:

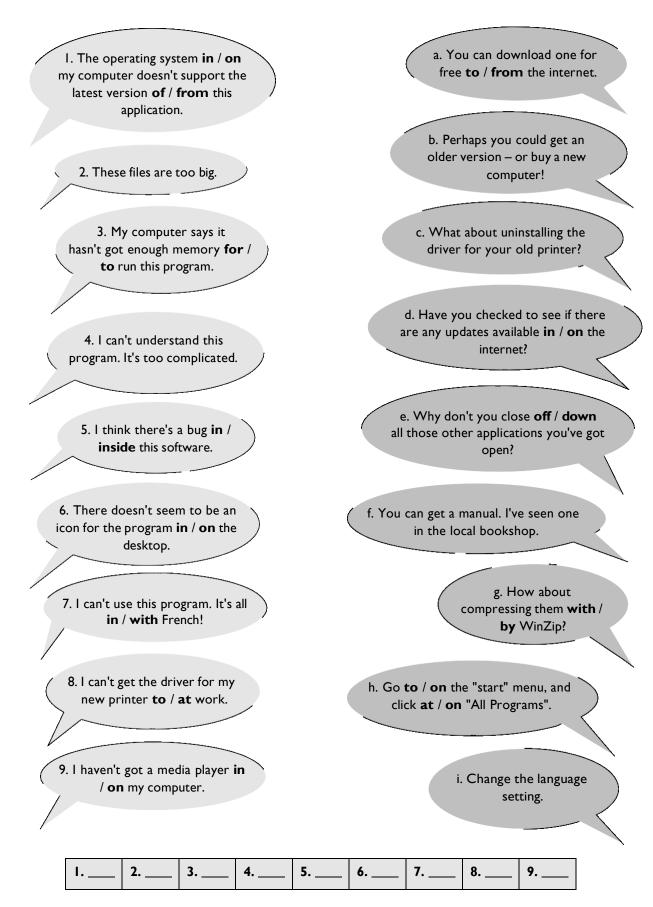
- Cells can contain <sup>1</sup> text / language, numerical <sup>2</sup> values / details and formulas. It's also possible to add pop-up comment <sup>3</sup> boxes / squares containing additional information (choose Comment from the Insert menu).
- The **Fill** and **Autofill** commands can be used for making multiple copies of the contents of a cell. Autofill can also be used to automatically create a <sup>4</sup> list / series of months, numbers etc.
  - You can improve the <sup>5</sup> looks / appearance of a spreadsheet very quickly by using the **AutoFormat** feature.

### Presentation software

I. In Microsoft PowerPoint, when control presentation, a design template and		n choose between a blank
<b>a.</b> witch	<b>b</b> . wizard	<b>c.</b> bogeyman
2. PowerPoint can be used to create	presentation	
<b>a.</b> slideshows	<b>b.</b> picture shows	<b>c.</b> exhibitions
3. You can choose a to r	nove from one slide to another.	
<b>a.</b> changing effect	<b>b.</b> moving effect	<b>c.</b> transition effect
4. You can include moving pictures i	n your presentation. These are cal	led
<b>a.</b> films	<b>b</b> . movies	<b>c.</b> animations
5. You can choose a for	your presentation.	
<b>a.</b> colour pattern	<b>b.</b> colour arrangement	c. colour scheme
6. You can give your presentation ov	ver the internet as an	
<b>a.</b> online broadcast	<b>b.</b> online show	<b>c.</b> online spectacle
7. It's usually clearer to present stati	stics in the form of a table or	
<b>a.</b> chart	<b>b.</b> figure	<b>c.</b> track
8. If you wish, the software will help	you of your present	ation
	<b>b.</b> rehearse the timing	
9. You can choose to record the	on your computer	
<b>a.</b> narration	<b>b.</b> speaking	c. voice
10 method when at the tit		
<ol> <li>I0rather than giving it</li> <li><b>a.</b> in real life</li> </ol>	 <b>b.</b> for real	c. live
a. In rear me	<b>D.</b> TOT TEAT	C. IIVe
		2

### Problems with software

#### Choose the correct preposition. Then match the problem with the solution.



#### Match the operations with the application types.

	word processor	spreadsheet	image editor	media player
I. select text	x	x		
2. save as JPEG				
<b>3.</b> insert table				
<b>4.</b> play				
5. touch up				
<b>6.</b> import photo				
<b>7.</b> exit				
8. copy from CD				
9. check internet for updates				
10. copy a block of cells				
11. insert text box				
12. page set-up				
<b>13.</b> optimise for internet				
<b>14.</b> uninstall				
15. add border				
16. insert bullet points				
17. convert to MP3				
18. paste into new document				
19. check spelling				
20. change text direction				
<b>21.</b> flip, crop and rotate				
<b>22.</b> sort				
<b>23.</b> alter formula values				
24. create playlist				
<b>25.</b> print				
26. clear all cells				
27. maximise window				
<b>28.</b> insert column break				
<b>29.</b> convert to greyscale				
<b>30.</b> open				

### **Revision Quiz**

- I. Can you name three operating systems?
- 2. Where do deleted documents go?
- 3. What's another word for the desktop background? (It begins with W.)
- 4. Where do you go to customise the appearance and other settings of your computer?
- 5. What type of application can be used to touch up photos?
- 6. What type of application can be used to store and play music?
- 7. What do you call software that can be used by anybody without a licence?
- 8. How would you describe this text?

### **REVISION QUIZ**

9. Which will fit more text onto a page, Arial 9 point double spaced, or Arial 36 point single spaced?

- 10. What do you call a pre-formatted blank document?
- II. Where is a section of cut or copied text (or image) temporarily stored?
- 12. How is a flipped image different to the original?
- 13. What's the opposite of sharpening an image?
- 14. What do you call very small versions of images?
- 15. What word means to put in alphabetical or numerical order?
- 16. What do you call one box in a table or spreadsheet?
- 17. What word beginning with S means a series of displays in a presentation?
- 18. What do you call a small technical problem in a piece of software?
- 19. What does WinZip do? (Clue: is the file too big?)
- 20. What kind of software operates printers, scanners etc?
- 21. Tables and spreadsheet grids are made up of \_\_\_\_\_ (vertical) and \_\_\_\_\_ (horizontal).
- 22 to 30. Can you name these symbols?

22. **\$** 23. **&** 24. **\*** 25. **#** 26. **()** 27. **/** 28. **\** 29. **?** 30. **+** 

### Your software

#### Can you answer these questions in English?

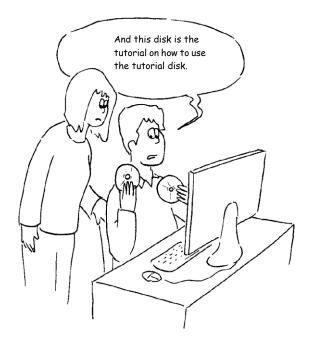
I. Which application do you use most often? Why?

2. How does it help you in your work?

3. Which features do you find most useful?

4. Does it have any limitations which annoy you? What are they?

5. Is there an application you'd like to learn to use? What would you use it for?



# Section 3: The Internet

### The internet: the basics

#### A. Choose the best word from each pair in grey type.



# What's the difference between the Web and the internet?

Some people think that the internet and the Web are the same thing, but in fact they are different. The internet (often called simply "the net") is a global <sup>1</sup> **network / net** of interconnected computers. These computers communicate with each other <sup>2</sup> **over / through** existing telecommunications networks – principally, the telephone system. The Word Wide Web (usually known as just "the Web") is the billions of web pages that are stored on large computers called web <sup>3</sup> **servers / services**.

To <sup>4</sup> see / access the web, you need a computer and a modem. You then connect over your telephone line to an internet service <sup>5</sup> port / provider (ISP), which sends your request to view a particular web page to the correct web server.

Websites are not the only service available on the internet. It is also used for many other functions, including sending and receiving email, and connecting to newsgroups and <sup>6</sup> discussion / talking groups.

You could say that the internet is a system of roads, and web pages and emails are types of traffic that travel on those roads.

#### B. Put these operations in the order that you do them (variations are possible).

close down your browser
connect to your ISP
disconnect from the internet
enter a web address (also known as a URL*) into the address field
launch your browser (for example, Internet Explorer, Netscape Navigator or Mozilla Firefox)
perhaps wait for a few seconds while the web-page downloads
view the page

\* URL stands for Uniform Resource Locator, but the full term is almost never used

We	eb addresses
Web address / URL:	http://www.acblack.co.uk
domain name	www.acblack.co.uk
host:	acblack
protocol:	http://
type of site:	.co.uk
country code:	.uk

C. Choo	se the best words.		
I. ADS	L* is more commonly known	as	
	<b>a.</b> longband	<b>b.</b> broadband	<b>c.</b> wideband
2. Broa	dband internet connection is	much faster than	
	<b>a.</b> dial-in	<b>b.</b> dial-through	<b>c.</b> dial-up
3. Befo	re you can connect to the int an ISP.	ernet for the first time, you have t	to an account with
	a. set	<b>b.</b> set up	<b>c.</b> set in
4. Each	time you want to connect to	your ISP's system, you have to en	ter a log-in name and a
	<b>a.</b> security word	<b>b.</b> safe word	<b>c.</b> password
5. You	can set your computer to each time.	your log-in details, so yo	u don't have to type them in
	a. store	<b>b.</b> remember	<b>c.</b> recall
6. With	n a broadband connection, yo	u usually have to pay a	
	<b>a.</b> fixed monthly price	<b>b.</b> fixed monthly fee	<b>c.</b> fixed monthly cost
7. Witł	n dial-up, you can usually choo	ose a tariff.	
	<b>a.</b> pay-as-you-go	<b>b.</b> pay-what-you-want	<b>c.</b> pay-if-you-like
<b>8</b> . Som	e broadband contracts limit t	he amount of you can	have each month.
	<b>a.</b> pages	<b>b.</b> traffic	c. use
9. Look	king at web pages can be calle	ed "navigating the Web" but is mo	re commonly called
	a. "surfing the net"	<b>b.</b> "skiing the net"	<b>c.</b> "swimming the net"
10. You	u can often find the answer to	o a question by on the ii	nternet.
	<b>a.</b> looking at it	<b>b.</b> looking for it	<b>c.</b> looking it up
II. Wł	nen your computer is not con	nected to the internet, it is	
	<b>a.</b> out of line	<b>b.</b> offline	<b>c.</b> off the line
12. Inte	ernet banking is also called		
	<b>a.</b> online banking	<b>b.</b> on the line banking	<b>c.</b> inline banking
I3. An	unexpected disconnection fro <b>a.</b> lost connection	om the internet is called a <b>b.</b> missed connection	
	a. lost connection	<b>D.</b> missed connection	
14. A fi	le which is copied from the in <b>a.</b> an upload	ternet onto your computer is calle <b>b.</b> a download	ed c. a load
15. Do	wnloading files from the inter	net can your computer	with a virus.
	<b>a.</b> infect	<b>b.</b> contaminate	<b>c.</b> dirty

\*ADSL stands for asymmetric digital subscriber line, but the full term is almost never used.

### Internet browsers

#### A. Match the browser toolbar button with the function.

I. Back	<b>a.</b> Shows a list of the websites you have visited recently.
2. Forward	<b>b.</b> Opens the media bar, accessing internet radio, music, video etc.
<b>3.</b> Stop	<b>c.</b> Displays the page you were on before.
<b>4.</b> Refresh <sup>1</sup> / Reload <sup>2</sup>	<b>d.</b> Shows the latest version of the page.
5. Home	e. Opens the search panel.
6. Search	f. Displays the page you were on before using the Back button.
7. Favourites <sup>1</sup> / Bookmarks <sup>2</sup>	<b>g.</b> Displays the page you have set as your home page.
8. Media	h. Prints the current page.
9. History	i. Stops a page from downloading.
IO. Mail	j. Displays the web addresses you have chosen as your favourites.
II. Print	k. Shows email options.

<sup>1</sup> Microsoft Internet Explorer; <sup>2</sup> Netscape Navigator / Mozilla Firefox

#### Quiz

Do you know the answers to these technical questions about browsers? Answer true or false for each one.

I. All browsers (Internet Explorer, Mozilla Firefox etc) have exactly the same functions.

2. Cookies are data sent by an internet server to a browser. They identify the user, and track the user's access to the server.

3. You can get your browser to delete the cookies it has stored. (In Internet Explorer go to **Tools**, then to **Internet Options**, then to **Delete Cookies**.)

4. Pages you have viewed are stored in the Temporary Internet Files folder. These cannot be deleted.

5. You can tell your browser how long to store web addresses in the History.

6. You can set your browser to block pop-up windows.

7. All pop-ups are advertisements.

8. You can add extra toolbars to your browser window, for example a toolbar from Google.

## What's the difference between a web directory and a search engine?

Web directories (for example, Excite, Lycos) list categories and sub-categories with links to websites. Search engines (for example, Google, Altavista) search the Web for web pages according to the instructions that you give them.

#### A. Using a search engine

Put the	words into the space	25.			
	click on	criteria	database	hyperlinks	
I	keywords	matches	media	refine	
I	returns	sponsored	view		
Stage	I: Enter one or more				
Stage 2	2: The search engine look	s for in a	ll the web pages on their		
<b>Stage</b> ( pages.	<b>3:</b> The search engine	the matches (	or "hits") with	to the web	
<b>Stage 4:</b> The search engine may also return " links". These are links to the websites of companies who have paid the search engine company.				s to the websites of	
Stage 5	Stage 5: You the hyperlink to the web page.				
		your searc		ch	
B. Logic	cal operators				

## You can refine your search by using logical operators. Match the search engine instructions with the matches.

I. "English vocabulary"	<b>a.</b> Pages where both words appear.
<b>2.</b> English + vocabulary	<b>b.</b> Pages containing the phrase English vocabulary.
3. English NEAR vocabulary	<b>c.</b> Pages containing one of the words, but not both.
4. English OR vocabulary	<b>d.</b> Pages where the two words appear close together.
5. English NOT vocabulary	<b>e.</b> All pages that contain <i>English</i> except the ones which also contain <i>vocabulary</i> .

### Things on the net

A. Match the activities with the internet features.	
I. Keep a public diary of your journey through South America	<b>a.</b> webmail
2. Lose lots of money	<b>b.</b> online music store
3. Find out about the First World War	<b>c.</b> instant messaging
4. Download songs	<b>d.</b> online radio
5. Listen to music in real time	<b>e.</b> portal
6. Check your email from any computer	f. blog
7. Find links to other websites	g. online encyclopedia
8. Exchange messages in real time with friends or colleagues	<b>h.</b> currency converter
9. Check the latest exchange rates	i. e-zine
<b>10.</b> Read new articles about a subject that interests you	j. online casino

## B. Can you match these activities with the internet features? (It's not easy – the terms are sometimes confused with each other.)

I. Exchange messages in real time about anything you like with strangers.	a. newsgroup
<b>2.</b> Post messages about your favourite pop group, and maybe reply to other fans' messages.	<b>b.</b> forum
<b>3.</b> Exchange information and messages about saving a local wood from development with anybody who wants to join in.	<b>c.</b> discussion group
<b>4.</b> Exchange information and views about the economy of Australia with other Australian economists.	<b>d.</b> bulletin board / noticeboard
<b>5.</b> Post / download photos, video clips and messages among a group of friends.	e. chatroom

### Internet terms

I. "The website gets a thousand hits	a week" means the website has a	thousand a week
a. sales	<b>b.</b> visits	<b>c.</b> search engine matches
2. The words, images and other mat	erial that make up a website are ca	lled
<b>a.</b> the contents	<b>b.</b> the content	<b>c.</b> the filling
3. Designs and drawings in websites	are usually called	
<b>a.</b> web pictures	<b>b.</b> web graphics	<b>c.</b> web illustrations
4. Moving pictures in websites are us	ually called	
<b>a.</b> cartoons	<b>b.</b> movies	c. animations
5. Websites with sounds and/or video	o clips and/or animations have	content.
<b>a.</b> multimedia	<b>b.</b> many-media	<b>c.</b> mixed-media
6. A space in a website where you en	ter information (address, password	d etc.) is called a
<b>a.</b> box	<b>b.</b> strip	<b>c.</b> field
7. A hyperlink (see 3.3) is often called	d just	
<b>a.</b> a link	<b>b.</b> a hyper	<b>c.</b> an HL
8. In real time (see 3.4) means		
<b>a.</b> during working hours	<b>b.</b> instantly	<b>c.</b> in British Standard Time
9. A place with computers for public even if they don't serve coffee.	internet use is usually called an in	ternet café or
a. web café	<b>b.</b> computer café	c. cyber café
<ol> <li>Internet cafés offer internet</li> </ol>		
<b>a.</b> connection	<b>b.</b> availability	c. access
II. A program that adds functions to	a browser (eg Shockwave) is calle	ed a
<b>a.</b> plug	<b>b.</b> plugged-in	<b>c.</b> plug-in
12. Temporary internet files are store	d in the	
a. cash	<b>b.</b> cache	<b>c.</b> cashe
13. Colours which all browsers can d	isplay without problems are called	colours
<b>a.</b> browser safe	<b>b.</b> browser acceptable	c. browser easy

Choose the best words to complete the sentences.

### E-commerce

#### Shopping on the net

#### A. Fill the gaps, then put these stages in order (number them 1 to 8).

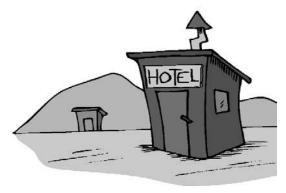
	account	add	browse	checkout
	confirm	delivery	details	invoice
		shopping basket	sign in	
	You usually hav	e to allow at least two	working days for <sup>1</sup>	
	Choose an item	n, and <sup>2</sup>	_ it to your <sup>3</sup>	
	Click <sup>4</sup> "	". Now it's t	oo late to change your min	ıd!
	When you have	e finished shopping, clie	ck "proceed to <sup>5</sup>	".
	Usually, you wil	receive an <sup>6</sup>	by email.	
	Enter your nam	e, address and card <sup>7</sup> _		
I			ually have to <sup>8</sup> , you have to create one	
	10	the website, and deci	de what you want to buy.	

#### B. Put the words into the spaces.

	bid	down	encrypted	online	
	outbid	padlock	secure server	system	
١.	Sites that ask for your	credit card numbe	er or other personal infor	mation should use a	
	,:	so the data you se	nd is	-	
2.	A: "Have you ever bo	ought anything on	an auction site like eBay?	m	
	B: "No. Once I made	a	on something, but I	was	a few
	seconds before the au	uction closed."			
3.	The	symbol means	s that a web-page is secu	ire.	
4:		ght as	because the airlin 	e's	

-

#### Booking a hotel online



#### C. Choose the best words.

You can often make a hotel reservation <sup>1</sup> by /over the internet, but you may have to pay a deposit. The deposit will usually be returned <sup>2</sup> to / for you if you cancel your reservation a week or more <sup>3</sup> in / with advance.

You will usually receive notification <sup>4</sup> about / of the booking <sup>5</sup> by / from email. When you check <sup>6</sup> in / into the hotel, your details will probably already be <sup>7</sup> on / inside the hotel system. When you check <sup>8</sup> out / out of, you will usually be given a receipt.

#### Filling in an e-form

#### D. Write the information into the fields.

27/03/1965	Name			
	Title	Forename(s)		Surname
213 Wood Street	Billing addre	ess		
4044 5055 6066 7077	Line 1			
Anne Mary	Line 2			
,	Line 3			
amj999@hotmail.com	Town / C	City		
Apartment 17	State <sup>1</sup> /	Province / County <sup>2</sup>		
	Zip Cod	e <sup>1</sup> / Postcode <sup>2</sup>		
Bellevue Apartments	Country			
Chicago	Date of birth	n dd/mm/yyyy		
Illinois	Delivery add	dress		
Jones	If differe	ent to billing addres	s, <u>click here</u>	
Ms	Card type			
USA	Card numbe	er		
Visa Debit	Daytime tele (inc. country		+	
	email addres			
IL 60611				
1 888 999 0000	confirm ema	ail address		

<sup>1</sup> USA <sup>2</sup> United Kingdom

E. How is a credit card different to a debit card? Do you have one or both or neither?

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### 3. 7 internet security

#### A. Choose the best words to go into each of the spaces. I. A person who illegally accesses somebody else's computer over the internet is called a **b.** hack c. hacker **a.** pirate 2. A website which (in theory) cannot be accessed by a hacker is \_\_\_\_\_ a. strong **b.** secure c. clean 3. A website which can only be viewed by authorised people has \_\_\_\_\_\_ access. **a.** reduced **b.** small c. restricted 4. Unwanted advertising emails are popularly known as \_\_\_\_\_. **a.** meatloaf **b.** spam c. sausages 5. Software which blocks attempts by others to access your computer over the internet is called a **a.** firewall **b.** fire blanket c. fire engine 6. It's essential to \_\_\_\_\_\_ your anti-virus protection regularly. **a.** up-to-date **b.** date c. update 7. Anti-virus software can \_\_\_\_\_ your computer for viruses. **a.** detect c. scan **b.** review 8. Anti-virus software can also \_\_\_\_\_\_ viruses on removable media, such as floppy disks. **a.** detect **b.** control c. see 9. When your anti-virus software subscription \_\_\_\_\_ <u> ...</u> a. ends **b.** stops c. expires 10. ... it's a good idea to \_\_\_\_\_ it immediately. a. renew **b.** renovate c. replace

## B. Match the malware with the damage. (It's not easy, and the terms are sometimes confused with each other.)

l. virus	a. collects and sends private information from the infected computer to a third party
2. spyware	b. an undesirable program which can replicate itself across a network
3. trojan horse	c. allows a hacker to access private information when he/she wishes
4. keystroke logger or keylogger	d. a program which adds itself to an executable file, and can cause considerable damage to the data on the infected computer
5. worm	e. records characters that are typed into a computer

### Email

From:	anna@goodmail.com
То:	bernard@ciaociao.it
Cc:	carol@freemail.co.uk
Bcc:	dave@norsemail.no
Subject:	arriving in Rome
Hi Bernard	
	ne just after midday tomorrow (Friday). You don't need to pick me can get a taxi to the city centre.
See you soon!	
Anna	

#### A. Look at the email and answer the questions true or false.

- I. The recipient is Anna.
- 2. The sender is Anna.
- 3. Bernard knows that Carol knows when Anna will be arriving in Rome.
- 4. Bernard knows that Dave knows when Anna will be arriving in Rome.
- 5. You can say that Anna Cc-ed her email to Carol.
- 6. You can say that Anna Bcc-ed her email to Dave.
- 7. The subject line is empty.
- 8. The style of the email is formal.
- 9. Cc stands for carbon copy and Bcc stands for blind carbon copy, but the full terms are almost never used.
- 10. Carbon copies were a method of making copies of documents typed on typewriters.

#### Sending an attachment

#### B. Put the words in the spaces.

attach	browse		field	inboxes	
	open	send	si	ze	
You can send almost an	y file as an attachment	. I	throu	ugh the folders on your compute	er
until you find the file yo	ou want to attach. Clio	ck on "2		". The file will appear in the	:
attachments <sup>3</sup>	Then click " <sup>4</sup>		", and v	vait while the file uploads. Ad	ld
more files if you wish. W	/hen you have finished	adding files,	click "5	"·	
Some email 6	will only rece	eive attachme	ents up to a cer	rtain <sup>7</sup> with or	ne
email, for example 10ME	3. If you need to send a	ι lot of very l	big attachment	ts, it's sometimes necessary to	

spread them over a number of separate emails.

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### Email comprehension 1

#### Hi Tony

Thanks for sending through that a/w so quickly. Just one problem -1 couldn't open the attachment. I'm not sure why. My inbox is virtually empty, so there's plenty of room, and the attachment limit is 20MB, so there's no problem there. Perhaps there was a glitch somewhere. Anyway, rather than trying to figure out what went wrong, could you just send it again?

Did we discuss file format? I don't know much about TIFFs, JPEGs etc, but I meant to tell you that if you have any queries on this, you could get in touch with Steve, our designer. His email address is steve@stevegreendesign.co.uk.

One other thing. When you resend me the a/w, could you cc it to Angela? I've asked her to have a quick look at it before we put it in the brochure.

I'm looking forward very much to seeing those pics – fingers crossed that they'll come through OK this time. However, if I still can't download them, I'll ask you to put them on a disk and mail them.

All the best

Jenny

#### A. Are these statements true or false?

- I. Jenny didn't receive the a/w because her inbox is too small.
- 2. The attached files came to less than 20MB in total.
- 3. Jenny has resolved a technical problem, and the attachment will come through without any problems next time.
- 4. Tony will have to resend the a/w.
- 5. Jenny is a graphic design expert
- 6. Tony is also going to put the files onto a disk and mail them.
- 7. Angela has already seen the a/w.
- 8. The style is too informal business emails should always be more formal than this.

## B. Find words or expressions in the email which mean the same as the phrases below.

I. artwork	
2. a small technical problem	
3. type of file	
4. questions about this	
5. send again	
6. email a copy to	
7. communicate with	
8. with luck	

### Email comprehension 2

#### Dear Jenny

As requested, I'm attaching the a/w files again.

The technical problems you've been experiencing may be due to your email provider. I have to say, I've never heard of Whoopydudu.com. You might be better off switching to one of the big names, such as Gmail or Yahoo.

Regarding file formats, TIFFs should be OK. If necessary, your designer will be able to reformat them very easily, but in my experience most designers have no problem working with TIFFs.

As the file sizes are quite large, and I understand that Angela only has a dial-up connection, I've sent her low-res versions to look at. I hope that will be OK. They should be clear enough.

I'm just about to go on holiday, so if you need me to send these files on disk, please let me know by Friday afternoon. I probably won't get the opportunity to check my email while I'm away, but if anything arises that won't keep, my assistant Trevor may be able to deal with it.

Best regards

Tony

#### A. Are these statements true or false?

- I. Tony thinks Jenny should change her email provider.
- 2. The designer will need to reformat the files.
- 3. Angela doesn't have broadband.
- 4. Tony is sending resized versions of the a/w files to Angela.
- 5. These versions will look the same as the original versions.
- 6. Tony is going on holiday on Friday morning.
- 7. Trevor may be able to help with any problems that come up while Tony is away.
- 8. The style is neutral neither formal nor informal.

## B. Find words or expressions in the email which mean the same as the phrases below.

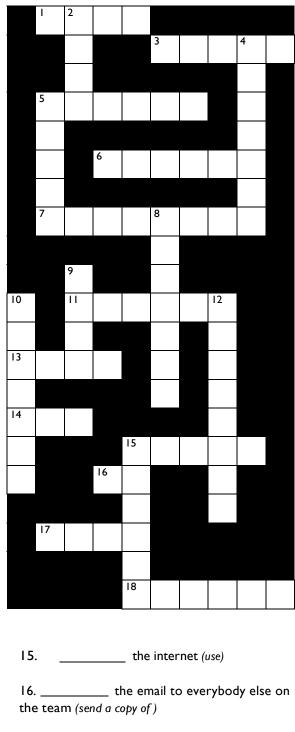
I. as you asked	
2. famous companies	
3. change the type of file	
4. I think, but I may be wrong	
5. Low image resolution (see 1.6)	
6. on Friday afternoon or before	
7. comes up	
8. that's urgent	

### Useful verbs crossword

Complete the sentences with the missing verbs, and write them into the crossword puzzle. Words in brackets mean the same as the missing verbs.

I. \_\_\_\_\_ your holiday photos on the web (display) 2. \_\_\_\_\_ the attachment in a new window 3. \_\_\_\_\_ pop-ups (stop) 4. \_\_\_\_\_\_ to the internet 5 . \_\_\_\_\_ your wireless connection (turn on) 5 . \_\_\_\_\_ your credit card details (type in) 6. \_\_\_\_\_ your anti-virus protection 7. \_\_\_\_\_ the photo as a JPEG 8. \_\_\_\_\_ a technical problem (sort out) 9. \_\_\_\_\_ on your firewall (enable) 10. \_\_\_\_\_ your wireless connection (turn off) II. \_\_\_\_\_ your webpage to a web server 12. \_\_\_\_\_ some clipart from the internet I 3. \_\_\_\_\_ an attachment with an email 14. \_\_\_\_\_ for something on eBay

I5 . \_\_\_\_\_ pop-ups (permit)



17. \_\_\_\_\_ a bid for something on eBay

18. \_\_\_\_\_ to a different ISP (change)

### Revision wordsearch

b r	q v	Р i	r	u	s	u	Ι	i	i	z	x	s	e	с	u	r	e	о	F ł
0	a	r	s	r	Ρ	ο	ο	с	s	а	t	x	е	r	t	у	w	i	)
w	t	е	d	f	h	w	g	Ι	с	s	о	с	m	с	j	у	s	u	F
s	d	f	b	g	f	j	g	k	ο	s	ο	v	a	h	k	t	g	f	e
e	n	с	r	у	Ρ	t	i	0	n	e	Ι	j	i	a	h	u	r	i	I
r	S	а	0	v	b	v	g	b	n	h	b	b	I	t	i	r	0	r	
z	с	х	а	n	h	а	с	k	e	r	а	u	Ρ	r	ο	Ι	u	e	
m	u	Ρ	d	а	t	e	х	c	c	b	r	n	n	0	m	e	Ρ	w	I
u	f	d	b	S	а	z	h	i	t	S	n	n	b	0	w	P	P	а	I
I	g	Ρ	а	S	S	w	0	r	d	v	w	e	Ь	m	а	i	Ι	I	(
t	h	j	n	е	W	P	f	b	v	с	с	x	z	а	S	h	g	۱	
i	с	I	d	r	u	i	f	n	s	Ρ	y	w	а	r	e	j	k	I	l
m	0	P	0	t	у	P	 ;	m L		0	i	0	P	a	d		0	с 	l
e d	o k	i q	n r	b w	o x	x c	i n	b v	n a	r t	m t	w a	i c	e h	w m	e e	r n	u t	2
i	i	ч У	t	e	z	r	e	, I	а 0	a	d	a b	i	0	r	P	h	k	
a	e	, i	u	a	g	f	d	s	n	-	u	w	e	b	s	r i	t	e	
P	s	ο	k	e	y	w	ο	r	d	x	у	с	v	t	f	e	w	g	(
j	I	s	Ρ	а		h	h	m					d	Ι	а	u	n	c	I
		email																	
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There are 33 words connected with internet in this grid. Can you find them all? (Look down and across.)

### Your internet

I. Who is your current ISP?

2. Have you had any problems with them? If so, what?

3. What type of internet connection do you have?

4. Is it fast enough for your requirements? If not, how would a faster connection be useful to you?

5. From where do you usually access the internet?

6. On average, how many hours a week do you spend online?

Have you ever done these things?

7.

a. sent and received emails

b. chatted in real time

c. booked a flight online

d. used your credit or debit card to pay for something over the internet

e. had a virus on your computer

f. had a problem with identity theft

g. downloaded a photo from a bulletin board

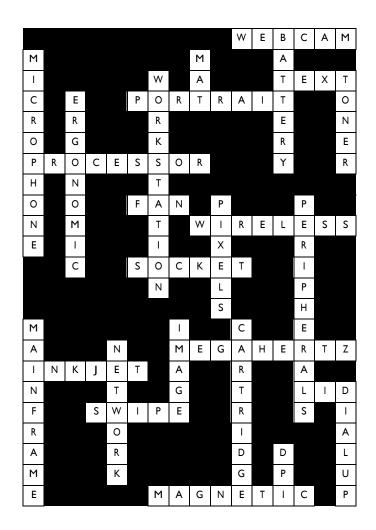
h. connected to the internet over a wireless connection

i. set up a wireless network in your own home or office



### Unit 0000 Answer key (cont.)

66



S	0	F	Т	W	А	R	Е				
					Ρ						
					Ρ	R	0	G	R	А	Μ
					L						
	D				I				Ρ		
	R				С				Н		L
F	Ι	R	Е	w	А	L	L		0		Ι
	V				Т				Т		С
S	Е	С	U	R	Ι	Т	Y	С	0	D	Е
	R		Ρ		0				А		Ν
			D		Ν				L		С
			А						В		Е
В	0	0	Т	L	Е	G			U		-
		-	Е		-				Μ		

Т

# Answer key (cont.) A: 1 a, 2 c, 3

symbol	verb	noun	everyday speech
+	add	addition	"five plus three equals eight"
-	subtract	subtraction	"five minus three equals two"
*	multiply	multiplication	"five multiplied by three equals fifteen" "five times three equals fifteen"
/	divide	division	"fifteen divided by three equals five"
^	raise to the power of		"ten to the power of five is 100,000"

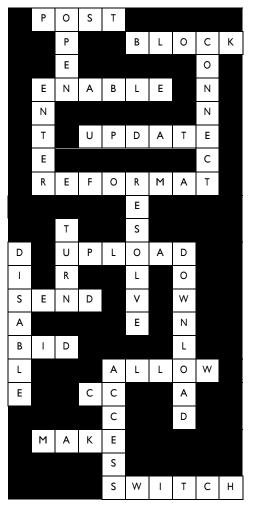
#### Which program?

(Features generally associated with application types - some versions may have different features.)

8 /			,	. ,
	word processor	spreadsheet	image editor	media player
I. select text	x	x		
2. save as JPEG			x	
3. insert table	x			
4. play				x
5. touch up			x	
6. import photo	x		x	
7. exit	x	x	x	x
8. copy from CD				x
9. check internet for updates	x	x	x	x
10. copy block of cells	x	x		
II. insert text box	x			
12. page set-up	x	x		
<ol> <li>Optimise for internet</li> </ol>			x	
14. uninstall	x	x	x	x
15. add border	x	x		
16. insert bullet points	x			
17. convert to MP3				x
18. paste into new document	x	x		
19. check spelling	x	x		
20. change text direction	x			
21. flip, crop and rotate			x	
22. sort	x	x		
23. alter formula values		x		
24. create playlist				x
25. print	x	x	x	
26. clear all cells		x		
27. maximise window	x	x	x	x
28. insert column break	x			
29. convert to greyscale			x	
	x	x	x	

6/	8
1/	2
6/	3
3	6
1/	4
4	7
5	<i>'</i>
	5
	I
	2

#### Useful verbs crossword



I post 2 open 3 block 4 connect 5 across - enable, 5 down - enter 6 update 7 reformat 8 resolve 9 turn (on) 10 disable II upload 12 download 13 send 14 bid 15 across - allow, 15 down - access 16 cc (used as a verb) 17 make 18 switch

Ь				S			b		d	ο	m	а	Ι	n			n		
r	v	i	r	u	s		Ι		i			s	Е	с	u	r	е		h
о				r			о		s		t		Е				w		у
w				f			g		с		о		М	с			s		Р
s			Ь						о		о		А	h			g	f	е
e	n	с	r	у	P	t	i	ο	n		I		Т	a			r	i	r
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t			n															Ι	
i	с		d						S	Ρ	у	w	Α	r	е				
m	0									ο			Ρ	а	d	Ι	ο	с	k
e	ο	i	n	Ь	ο	х				r									
d	k								а	t	t	а	С	h	m	е	n	t	
i	i					r	е	I	ο	а	d								
а	е									I		w	Е	Ь	s	i	t	е	
	s		k	e	у	w	о	r	d										
		s	Ρ	a	m									I	a	u	n	с	h
en	nail						hack	er					D	ortal					
	achm	nent					hits							eload					
blo	og						hype	rlink					se	ecure					
	oadba	and					inbo						sp	bam					
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со	okies						mult	imedi	a				to	olbar	•				
dis	conn	ect					news	sgrou	Р				u	odate					
do	main						offlin	e					vi	rus					
	4	•						1 .											

padlock

password

webmail

website

encryption

firewall

#### References refer to the unit number

a/w 3.9, 3.10 2.1, 3.1, 3.2, 3.7, 3.11, access 1.9, 3.1, 3.6 account Acrobat 2.1 active 2.11 adaptor 1.13 add 2.3, 2.11, 2.14, 3.6, 3.8 addition 2.11 address 3.5, 3.6 address label 2.8 adjust 1.6 Adobe 2.4 Adobe Acrobat 2.1 Adobe InDesign 2.10 Adobe PageMaker 2.4 Adobe Photoshop 2.4 ADSL 1.13, 3.1 advanced search 3.3 advertisement 3.2 airline 3.6 2.7 align All Programs 2.13 alphabet key 1.4 alphabetical 2.11, 2.15 1.4 alt 1.4 alt key Altavista 3.3 alter 2.14 AMD 1.11 ampersand 2.7, 2.15 animation 2.12, 3.5 Antivirus 2.4 anti-virus 3.7, 3.11 appearance 2.15 application 1.12, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4, 2.10, 2.13, 2.14, 2.15, 2.16 2.10 area Arial 2.6 2.2 arrange 2.7 arrow article 3.4 artwork 2.7, 3.9 ascending 2.11 2.7, 2.15 asterisk asymmetric digital subscriber line 3.1 2.7 at sign ATM 1.10 attach 3.8, 3.9, 3.10 attachment 3.8, 3.9, 3.11, 3.12 auction 3.6 auction site 3.6 auto format 2.8 AutoContent 2.12 Autofill 2.11 AutoFormat 2.11 AutoShape 2.8 back 3.2 1.12 back up background 2.3, 2.7 backspace key 1.4

back-up copy 2.8 backward slash 2.7, 2.15 19 balance ball 1.5 bank account 1.15 2.7, 3.2 bar 1.10 barcode barcode reader 1.10, 1.14 battery 1.1, 1.2, 1.7, 1.9, 1.11, 1.16 3.8 bcc bid 3.6, 3.11 bill 1.15 billing address 3.6 bitmap 2.9 black 2.10 black and white 1.8, 2.9 blank 2.8, 2.12, 2.15 blind carbon copy 3.8 block 2.11, 2.14, 3.7, 3.11 blog 3.4, 3.12 Bluetooth 1.3, 1.13 blur 2.10 body text 2.6, 2.7 bold 2.6 bold italic 2.6 3.6, 3.13 book booking 3.6 bookmarks 3.2 boot up 2.1 bootleg 2.4 border 2.6, 2.8, 2.14 bracket 2.7, 2.15 brightness I.6, 2.9 broadband 1.13, 3.1, 3.10, 3.12 broadcast 2.12 browse 3.6, 3.8 browser 2.4, 3.1, 3.2, 3.5, 3.12 browser safe colours 3.5 bug 2.13, 2.15 bullet point 2.8, 2.14 bulletin board 3.4, 3.13 burn 1.12 bus topology 1.14 button 1.2, 1.4, 1.5, 1.7, 2.1, 2.2 buy 3.6 cable 1.1, 1.3, 1.8, 1.13 3.5 cache calculator key 1.4 1.10 call centre call charge 1.9 2.8 callout 1.10, 1.16 camera cancel 1.8 3.6 cancel capacity 1.12 capital letters 1.4 caps lock key 1.4 1.9 car carbon copy 3.8 card details 3.6 3.6 card number

card type 3.6 cartridge 1.8, 1.16, 2.6 cash card 1.15 cash dispenser 1.10 cash machine 1.9, 1.10, 1.15 cash register 1.15 casino 3.4 3.8, 3.9, 3.11 cc CD 1.12, 2.14 CD drive 1.3, 1.12 CD ROM 1.2, 1.8 CD-R 1.12 CD-RW 1.12 cell 2.7, 2.11, 2.14 cell phone 1.9 cellular phone 1.9 centred 2.7 character 3.7 charger 1.3, 1.9 chart 2.12 chat 3.13 chatroom 3.4, 3.12 check 3.10 checkout 36 chip 1.9, 1.11 clear 2.11, 2.14 1.2, 1.5, 1.6, 2.1, 2.2, click 2.13, 3.3, 3.6, 3.8 clipart 2.7, 3.11 clipboard 2.8, 2.15 2.9 clone close 2.1 close down 2.1, 2.2, 2.13, 3.1 CMYK 2.10 collate 1.8 colon 2.7 colour 1.8, 3.5 colour scheme 2.12 colour separation 2.10 column 2.7, 2.11, 2.15 column break 2.14 comma 2.7 command 28 comment box 2.11 commercial 2.5 communication 1.14 compact 1.7 compatible 1.7 compress 2.13, 2.15 computer 1.7, 1.8, 1.10, 1.11, 1.12, 1.13, 1.14, 1.16, 1.17, 2.1, 2.3, 2.4, 2.12, 2.13, 3.1, 3.4, 3.5, 3.7, 3.8, 3.13 confirm 3.6 connect 1.7, 1.8, 1.13, 1.14, 1.15, 1.16, 1.17, 3.1, 3.11, 3.13 connection 1.13, 2.3, 3.1, 3.10, 3.11, 3.13 connectivity 1.13 3.5 content contract 1.9, 3.1 contrast 1.6, 2.9

control key 1.4 control panel 2.3, 2.15 convert 2.9, 2.10, 2.14 cookie 3.2, 3.12 cool 1.11 сору 1.12, 2.2, 2.6, 2.8, 2.14, 2.15, 3.1, 3.9, 3.11 CorelDraw 2.1 counter-intuitive 2.5 country code 3.1 country code 3.6 Courier 2.6 cover 1.8, 1.11 crash 2.1 credit card 1.10, 1.15, 1.16, 3.6, 3.11.3.13 criteria 3.3 2.9, 2.14 crop CRT monitor 1.3 Ctrl 1.4 currency converter 3.4 customise 2.2, 2.3, 2.15 2.2, 2.6, 2.15 cut cut and paste 2.2 2.10 cyan cyan magenta yellow black 2.10 cyber café 3.5 1.12, 1.13, 1.15, 2.11, data 3.6, 3.7 data input 1.4 data storage 1.12 database 1.7, 2.8, 3.3 date 2.3 date of birth 3.6 daytime telephone number 3.6 2.5 deactivate debit card 1.15, 1.16, 3.6, 3.13 decimal point 2.11 default 2.3 defragment 1.12 2.1, 2.2, 2.6, 2.11, 2.15, delete 3.2 delete key 1.4 3.6 delivery delivery address 3.6 deposit 3.6 descending 2.11 27 design design template 2.12 designer 3.9, 3.10 desktop 2.1, 2.2, 2.13 2.1, 2.3, desktop background 2.15 desktop computer 1.1 desktop printer 2.10 desktop publishing 2.8 details 3.6 detect 3.7 device 1.4, 1.10, 1.13 dial 1.2 dial-up 1.13, 1.16, 3.1, 3.10 digitaİ 2.3 digital camera 1.1, 1.2, 1.12, 2.3 digital photo 1.2, 2.1, 2.4

disable 3.11 disconnect 1.11, 3.1, 3.12 discussion group 3.1, 3.4 disk 3.9 display 2.3, 2.4, 2.10, 3.2, 3.5, 3.11 divide 2.11 2.11 division docking station 1.1 document 2.1, 2.2, 2.8, 2.10, 3.8 dollar sign 2.7, 2.15 domain 3.1, 3.12 domain name 3.1 dots per inch 1.6 double click 1.5 double quotes 2.7 double spaced 2.6, 2.15 double-sided 1.8 down 3.6 download 2.4, 2.13, 3.1, 3.2, 3.4, 3.9, 3.11, 3.13 dpi 1.6, 1.16 draft 1.8 drag and drop 2.1 drawer 1.12 driver 1.8, 2.4, 2.13 drop shadow 2.7 dropped connection 3.1 dual core 1.11 duration 1.9 DVD 1.12 DVD drive 1.3 1.9 earpiece 3.6, 3.11 eBay e-commerce 3.6 edit 2.4, 2.8 educational 2.5 e-form 3.6 1.15 EFTPOS 1.12 eiect electric shock 1.11 electricity 1.11 electronic funds transfer at point of sale 1.15 electronic payment 1.15 1.15 electronic point of sale 2.1, 3.1, 3.2, 3.4, 3.6, 3.7, email 3.8. 3.9. 3.10. 3.11. 3.12 email address 3.6 email provider 3.10 email software 2.4 empty 2.1 enable 1.13, 3.11 encrypt 3.6 encryption 3.12 encyclopaedia 3.4 enter 1.4, 2.11, 3.1, 3.3, 3.6, 3.11 enter key 1.4 EPOS 1.15 equals sign 2.7 ergonomic 1.4, 1.16 escape key 1.4 2.1, 2.11 Excel Excite 3.3 2.7 exclamation mark

executable file 3.7 2.2, 2.14 exit expand 2.9 expansion card 1.3 expire 3.7 export 2.10 extension cable 1.13 external 1.12 external hard drive 1.12 e-zine 3.4 1.11, 1.16 fan favourites 3.2 fax machine 1.1 faxes 1.2 2.10 feathering 2.4, 2.5, 2.11, 2.16, 3.4 feature fee 2.5, 3.1 feed 1.8 field 2.8, 3.1, 3.5, 3.6, 3.8 file 1.7, 1.12, 2.1, 2.2, 2.13, 3.1, 3.8, 3.9, 3.10 file 1.6, 3.9, 3.10 file size 3.10 2.7, 2.8, 2.10 fill Fill 2.11 fill in 3.6 find 2.1, 3.4 firewall 2.4, 3.7, 3.11, 3.12 flash drive 1.12 flat panel monitor 1.3 flatbed scanner 1.6 flight 3.6, 3.13 flip 2.9, 2.14, 2.15 flood fill 2.7 floppy disk 1.12, 3.7 floppy disk drive 1.3 folder 1.5, 2.1, 2.2, 3.8 font 2.6 font size 2.8 footer 2.6 footnote 2.8 forename 3.6 form letter 28 format 2.3, 2.8, 2.10, 2.11 formula 2.11, 2.14 forum 3.4 forward 3.2 forward slash 2.7.2.15 four colour 2.10 frame 2.6, 2.10 free space 1.12 free up 2.1 freeware 2.5, 2.15 from 3.8 full bleed 2.10 full stop 2.7 full version 2.5 function 2.2, 3.2, 3.5 function key 1.4 funds transfer 1.15 game 1.5 GB 1.12 glitch 3.9 Gmail 3.10 2.13 go to Google 3.2, 3.3

gradient 2.10 graphic design 2.4, 2.10, 3.9 graphic design software 2.4 graphic designer 2.10 graphics 2.10, 3.5 greyscale 2.9, 2.14 grid 2.11, 2.15 gridline 2.7 3.7, 3.12 hacker handheld scanner 1.6 1.9 hands-free hard drive 1.12, 2.1, 2.2 hardware 1.1 2.7, 2.15 hash 1.9 hash key 2.6 header heading 2.6, 2.8 1.10 headset hierarchical topology 1.14 high resolution 1.6 highlighted 2.8 high-tech 1.7 history 3.2 3.3, 3.5, 3.12 hit 3.2 home 3.2 home page home-use 2.5 3.1 host hotel 3.6 2.10 html hub 1.13 hyperlink 3.3, 3.5, 3.12 hyphen 2.7 2.1, 2.2, 2.13 icon identity theft 3.13 illustration 2.6, 2.7 1.6, 1.8, 1.10, 1.16, 2.3, image 2.4, 2.9, 2.10, 2.15, 3.5, 3.10 image editing 1.6, 2.9 image editor 2.4, 2.14, 2.15 import 2.10, 2.14 impression 2.3 in real time 3.4, 3.5, 3.13 3.8, 3.9, 3.12 inbox indent 2.6 InDesign 2.10 indicator lights 1.4 infect 3.1 infect 3.7 information 1.14, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7 1.2, 1.8, 1.16, 2.10 ink inkjet printer 1.8, 1.16 insert 1.4, 1.12, 2.8, 2.14 install 1.8, 1.9, 1.14, 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 instant messaging 3.4 instruction 2.4 Intel 1.11 internal 1.12 internet 1.9, 1.10, 1.13, 1.16, 2.3, 2.4, 2.12, 2.13, 2.14, 3.1, 3.2, 3.4, 3.5, 3.6, 3.7, 3.11, 3.12, 3.13 internet access 3.5 Internet Explorer 2.1, 2.4, 3.1, 3.2 internet service provider 3.1 1.14 intranet intuitive 2.5

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